# **University of Mumbai**

### **Examination June 2021**

## Examinations Commencing from 15th June 2021 to 26th June 2021

Program: S.E. (Electronics & Telecommunication) (REV. -2019 'C' Scheme) (Choice Based)

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019 Examination: SE Semester: III

Course Code: ECC305 and Course Name: ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION &

CONTROL SYSTEMS

Time: 2 Hour Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks	
1.	The open loop transfer function is given below. Find the value of K which will	
	cause sustained oscillations in the system and also find frequency of oscillation.	
	$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+3)(s^2+s+1)}$	
Option A:	K=2.437 and frequency of oscillation=0.866 rad/sec	
Option B:	K=0.866 and frequency of oscillation= 2.437rad/sec	
Option C:	K=2.437 and frequency of oscillation=2.437 rad/sec	
Option D:	K=1.437 and frequency of oscillation=2.437 rad/sec	
2.	When the number of poles is equal to the number of zeroes, how many branches of root locus tends towards infinity?	
Option A:	1	
Option B:	2	
Option C:	0	
Option D:	Equal to number of zeroes	
3.	The system with the open loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)}$ is:	
Option A:	Type 2 and order 1	
Option B:	Type 1 and order 1	
Option C:	Type 0 and order 0	
Option D:	Type 1 and order 2	
4.	A unity feedback system has $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)}$ . The input to the system is described	
	by $r(t)=4+6t+2$ t <sup>2</sup> . Find the steady-state error.	
Option A:	zero	
Option B:	infinity	
Option C:	six	
Option D:	Minus infinity	
5.	Given a unity feedback system with $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+4)}$ . What is the value of K for a	
	damping ratio of 0.5?	
Option A:	1	
Option B:	16	
Option C:	4	
Option D:	2	

6.	The Laplace transform of a parabolic signal is		
Option A:	1		
Option B:	A/s		
Option C:	$A/s^2$		
Option D:	$A/s^3$		
·	1.20		
7.	Which of the following transfer function will have the greatest maximum		
	overshoot?		
Option A:	9		
	s <sup>2</sup> +2s+9		
Option B:	$\frac{16}{2}$		
O-4: C-	$\frac{1}{s^2+2s+16}$		
Option C:	$\frac{25}{s^2+2s+25}$		
Option D:	36		
opnon D.	s <sup>2</sup> +2s+36		
8.	Hey's bridge can be used for		
Option A:	measurement of inductance		
Option B:	measurement of capacitance and inductance		
Option C:	measurement of resistance		
Option D:	measurement of voltage and current		
9.	The output of a transducer must		
Option A:	be different at different environment conditions		
Option B:	be same at all environment conditions		
Option C:	be same at some environment conditions		
Option D:	be zero always		
10.	The principle of operation of LVDT is based on the variation of		
Option A:	Mutual inductance		
Option B:	Self-inductance		
Option C:	Reluctance		
Option D:	Permanence		
11.	Thermistor is a transducer with temperature coefficient		
Option A:	Negative		
Option B:	Positive		
Option C:	Zero		
Option D:	One		
12.	is the example of photo emissive cell		
Option A:	LDR		
Option B:	Photodiode		
Option C:	Photomultiplier tube		
Option D:	Photo transistor		
10			
13.	Examine the stability of the system having characteristic equation:		
	$2s^4+s^3+3s^2+5s+10=0$ using Routh's criterion.		

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Option A:	Unstable with two poles RHS of s-plane		
Option B:	Unstable with one poles RHS of s-plane		
Option C:	Marginally stable with complex conjugate pole on imaginary axis		
Option D:	stable with all poles on LHS of s-plane		
14.	The characteristic equation of a system is given as $s^3+25s^2+10s+50=0$ . How many		
	roots are in the right half s-plane and the imaginary axis respectively?		
Option A:	1,1		
Option B:	0,0		
Option C:	2,1		
Option D:	1,2		
15.	The second order system is defined by $T(s) = \frac{25}{s^2 + 5s + 25}$ . Find the settling time		
Option A:	1.3		
Option B:	1.6		
Option C:	1.4		
Option D:	1.2		
16.	Schering bridge is used for		
Option A:	low voltages only		
Option B:	low and high voltages		
Option C:	high voltages only		
Option D:	intermediate voltages only		
17.	Step signal is the signal whose values is:		
Option A:	It is varying for all the time values greater than zero		
Option B:	Determinate at zero		
Option C:	It is varying for all the time values less than zero		
Option D:	Indeterminate at zero		
18.	The output of a transducer should be		
Option A:	exponential		
Option B:	Unit step		
Option C:	Non-linear Non-linear		
Option D:	linear		
19.	The position and velocity errors of a type-2 system are		
Option A:	constant, constant		
Option B:	constant, infinity		
Option C:	zero, constant		
Option D:	zero, zero		
20			
20.	A control system in which the control action is dependent on the output is known		
	as Cl. 11		
Option A:	Closed loop system		
Option B:	Semi closed loop system		
Option C:	Open system		
Option D:	Dummy system		

Q2.	Solve any Two Questions out of Three	10 marks each
A	Find $C(s)/R(s)$ for the given system using block technique.	diagram reduction
В	A unity feedback system has $G(s) = \frac{100}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$ . Draw hence find the gain margin and phase margin.	the bode plot and
С	Explain in detail the working principle of LVDT and expl	ain its application.

Q3.	Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 marks e	
A	Find the transfer function using Mason's gain formula  G1 G2 G3 G4 G5 H1 H2	
В	For the given unity feedback system, Sketch the Root Locus and comment on the system stability. $G(s)H(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+1)(s+5)}$	
С	Explain measurement of inductance using Maxwell bridge. Also list the application of it.	


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CONTROL SYSTEMS

Time: 2-hour Max. Marks: 80

Question Number	Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D')
Q1.	A
Q2.	С
Q3.	D
Q4	С
Q5	В
Q6	D
Q7	D
Q8.	A
Q9.	В
Q10.	A
Q11.	A
Q12.	С
Q13.	A
Q14.	В
Q15.	В
Q16.	В
Q17.	D
Q18.	D
Q19.	С
Q20.	A