University of Mumbai

Examination June 2021

Examinations Commencing from 15th June 2021 to 26th June 2021

Program: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev-2019

Examination: SE Semester III

Course Code: ECC304 and Course Name: Network Theory

Time: 2 Hour

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Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.	
1.	In which theorem equivalent circuit is shown with parallel combination of current source, equivalent resistor and Load?	
Option A:	Norton's Theorem	
Option B:	Superposition Theorem	
Option C:	Maximum power transfer theorem	
Option D:	Thevenin's theorem	
2.	Coil L1 and L2 are inductively coupled and connected in series with value 16mH and 4mH respectively. If the coefficient of coupling is 0.75, calculate mutual inductance (M).	
Option A:	8 mH	
Option B:	12 mH	
Option C:	6 mH	
Option D:	10 mH	
3.	In the following figure calculate loop current (Ix). $ \begin{array}{c c} 15V & 6 \\ I_X & 4I_X \\ 5 \\ \end{array} $	
Option A.	1 A	
Option B:	5 A	
Option C:	6 A	
Option D:	4 A	
4.	Refer the following figure to determine node voltage V1.	

Option A: 4 V Option B: 1 V Option C: 3.2 V Option D: 2 V 5. If the graph consists of 5 nodes and 8 branches then the number of twigs number of links are and respectively. Option A: 5, 8 Option B: 6, 3 Option D: 4, 4 6 The graph shown in figure number of rows in reduced incidence matrix are
Option B: 1 V Option C: 3.2 V Option D: 2 V 5. If the graph consists of 5 nodes and 8 branches then the number of twigs number of links are and respectively. Option A: 5, 8 Option B: 6, 3 Option D: 4, 4 6 The graph shown in figure number of rows in reduced incidence matrix are
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6 The graph shown in figure number of rows in reduced incidence matrix are
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$\frac{6}{2 + 3}$
\mathbf{V}
Option A: 5
Option A: 5 Option B: 4
Option A: 5 Option B: 4 Option C: 3
Option A: 5 Option B: 4 Option C: 3 Option D: 6
Option A: 5 Option B: 4 Option C: 3 Option D: 6
Option A: 5 Option B: 4 Option C: 3 Option D: 6 7. Number of maximum possible trees for the graph is given by
Option A: 5 Option B: 4 Option C: 3 Option D: 6 7. Number of maximum possible trees for the graph is given by Option A: N -1
Option A: 5 Option B: 4 Option C: 3 Option D: 6 7. Number of maximum possible trees for the graph is given by Option A: N -1 Option B: b - (n+1)

Option D:	
8.	The Laplace transform of the time function <i>f</i> (t-a) is
Option A:	$e^{-as}F(S)$
Option B:	F(S-a)
Option C:	$e^{as}F(S)$
Option D:	F(S+a)
9.	In a given network, the switch is at position A for a long time and moved to position B at t=0. Current in the inductor at t=0+ is equal to 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
Option A:	8 A
Option B:	0.25 A
Option C:	1A
Option D:	1 25 A
opuon D.	
10.	In the network shown in figure, switch is at position A for a long time and moved to position B at t=0. Voltage across the capacitor at t = 0+ is equal to $\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ \hline \end{array} $
Option A:	3.5 V
Option B:	35 V
Option C:	5 V
Option D:	25 V
11.	Convert R, L and C into S domain.
Option A:	R, L and C
Option B:	RS, LS and CS
Option C:	R, LS and 1/CS
Option D:	R, 1/LS and CS
12.	A system is represented by transfer function 12/(S+4)(S+2), the DC gain of the system is
Option A:	21

Option B:	14
Option C:	1.5
Option D:	294
i	
13.	The driving point impedance function Z(S) of a network has pole-zero location shown in figure, then Z(S) is given by 2j -4 -3 -2 -1 \times 2j -2j
Option A:	$\frac{H(S+4)}{(S+2-2j)(S+2+2j)}$
Option B:	$\frac{H(S-4)}{(S-2-2j)(S-2+2j)}$
Option C:	$\frac{H(S-4)}{(S+2-2j)(S+2+2j)}$
Option D:	$\frac{H(S+4)}{(S+2-2j)(S-2-2j)}$
14.	Number of poles in the following functions are $F(S) = \frac{S^3 + 6S^2 + 4S + 5}{S^4 + 6S^3 + 3S^2 + 5S + 1}$
Option A:	1
Option B:	3
Option C:	2
Option D:	4
15.	Two 2 port networks are connected in cascade. The combination is to be represented as a single two-port network. The parameters obtained by multiplying individual are
Option A:	Z-parameter
Option B:	Y-parameter
Option C:	h-parameter
Option D:	ABCD-parameter
16.	Determine Y11 and Y12 parameters of the network given in figure.

	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	•l•
Option A [.]	$Y_{11} = -0.2$ (5 and $Y_{12} = 0.7$ (5)
Option B:	$V_{11} = 0.7$ (5) and $V_{12} = -0.2$ (5)
Option C [.]	$V_{11} = 2$ (5) and $V_{12} = 5$ (5)
Option D:	$V_{11} = 7$ (5) and $V_{12} = 2$ (5)
Option D.	
17.	Two port equations of a networks are $N = 2 I_{1} + 7 I_{2}$
	$V_2 - \delta I_1 + I_2$ $V_1 - 2I_1 + 5I_2$
	$V_1 - S I_1 + S I_2$
Option A:	Z parameters of give network are
Option R:	$Z_{11} = 5, Z_{12} = 5, Z_{21} = 7, Z_{22} = 8$ 7 = 2, 7 = 5, 7 = 9, 7 = 7
Option C:	$Z_{11} = 5, Z_{12} = 5, Z_{21} = 6, Z_{22} = 7$ $Z_{11} = 5, Z_{12} = 8, Z_{12} = 3, Z_{12} = 7$
Option D:	$Z_{11} = 5, Z_{12} = 6, Z_{21} = 5, Z_{22} = 7$ 7 = 3, 7 = 5, 7 = 7, 7 = 8
Option D.	$L_{11} = 5, L_{12} = 5, L_{21} = 7, L_{22} = 6$
18.	Polynomial $P(S) = S^3 + 4S^2 + 3S + 6$ is to be tested for Hurwitz. Elements in the first column of Routh's array are
Option A:	1, 4, -1.5, 6
Option B:	1, 3, 4, 6
Option C:	1, 4, 3, 6
Option D:	1, 4, 1.5, 6
19.	Driving point admittance function $Y(S) = \frac{14S}{S^2+4}$ is
Option A:	Parallel combination of two resistors
Option B:	Series combination of inductor and resistor
Option C:	Series combination of Inductor and capacitor
Option D:	Parallel combination of Inductor and capacitor
20	Driving point impedance function $Z(S) = 5 \pm 4s$ is
20.	Driving point impedative function $\Sigma(5) = 5 \pm 48$ is Darallel combination of resistors and inductor
Option D:	Series combination of resistor and inductor
Option C:	Parallel combination of Canacitor and inductor







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Question Number	Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D')
Q1.	А
Q2.	С
Q3.	А
Q4	D
Q5	D
Q6	С
Q7	D
Q8.	А
Q9.	С
Q10.	D
Q11.	С
Q12.	С
Q13.	А
Q14.	D
Q15.	D
Q16.	В
Q17.	В
Q18.	D
Q19.	С
Q20.	В