K. J. Somaiya Institute of Engineering and Information Technology Sion, Mumbai - 400022

NAAC Accredited Institute with 'A' Grade

NBA Accredited 3 Programs (Computer Engineering, Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering and Electronics Engineering) Permanently Affiliated to University of Mumbai

EXAMINATION TIME TABLE (JUNE 2021)

PROGRAMME - S.E. (Information Technology) (REV. -2016)(Choice Based) SEMESTER - IV

Days and Dates	Time	Paper Code	Paper
Tuesday, June 1, 2021	11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.	ITC401	APPLIED MATHEMATICS - IV
Thursday, June 3, 2021	11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.	ITC402	COMPUTER NETWORKS
Saturday, June 5, 2021	11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.	ITC403	OPERATING SYSTEMS
Tuesday, June 8, 2021	11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.	ITC404	COMPUTER ORGANIZATION & ACHITECTURE
Thursday, June 10, 2021	11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.	ITC405	AUTOMATA THEORY

Important Note: • Change if any, in the time table shall be communicated on the college web site.

Mumbai

12th May, 2021

Principal

University of Mumbai

Examination 2021 under cluster __ (Lead College: _____)

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021 to 10th June 2021

Program: **BE** (**Information Technology**)

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: SE Semester: IV

Course Code: ITC401 and Course Name: Applied Mathematics-IV

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are
	compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	Find the Greatest Common Divisor of 666 and 1414 by using Euclidean
1.	Algorithm.
Option A:	3
Option B:	1
Option C:	4
Option D:	2
2.	Integral solution of the equation $-63x + 23y = 7$ is
Option A:	x = -4 & y = -11
Option B:	x = 4 & y = -11
Option C:	x = 4 & y = 11
Option D:	x = -4 & y = 11
3.	From the following numbers, which number is a prime number?
Option A:	2737
Option B:	7293
Option C:	299
Option D:	509
4.	The remainder when 5 divides (56) ¹¹¹ is
Option A:	2
Option B:	1
Option C:	0
Option D:	4
5.	Find x if $5^{19} \equiv x \pmod{19}$
Option A:	17
Option B:	12
Option C:	5
Option D:	15
6	If $7u = 2(m \circ d \Gamma)$ then $u =$
6.	If $7x \equiv 3 \pmod{5}$ then $x = _$
Option A:	1
Option B:	
Option C:	4

Option D:	3
7.	F: 1 1 (105)
	Find value of Jacobi's symbol $\left(\frac{105}{1009}\right)$
Option A:	<u>-1</u>
Option B: Option C:	
Option C:	
Option D.	
8.	The Probability density function of a random variable X is
	X 1 2 3 4 5
	P(X=x) k 3k 5k 7k 9k
	Find $P(2 < X < 5)$
0 1	12
Option A:	$\frac{12}{25}$
	25
Option B:	13
	$\overline{25}$
0 1: 0	14
Option C:	
	25
Option D:	15
	25
9.	A continuous random variable has probability density function
	$f(x) = x - x^2$; $0 \le x \le 1$. Find Mean
Option A:	1
Option A.	$\frac{1}{12}$
Option B:	$\frac{1}{3}$
	3
Option C:	1
option c.	$\frac{1}{6}$
Option D:	$\frac{5}{3}$
	3
10.	The Moment Generating Function about origin of a random variable is $M_0(t) =$
	$\frac{3}{3-t}$. Find first moment about origin.
Option A:	$\frac{2}{3}$
	3

Option B:	$\frac{1}{3}$		
Option C:	5 9		
Option D:	$\frac{4}{3}$		
11.	If a random variable X follows Poisson distribution such that $P(X = 1) = 2P(X = 2)$ then find the value of $P(X = 4)$		
Option A:	0.03754		
Option B:	0.01532		
Option C:	0.04945		
Option D:	0.02879		
12.	If a sample point lies in the critical region then		
Option A:	Null Hypothesis is Accepted and Alternate Hypothesis is Rejected		
Option B:	Null Hypothesis is Rejected and Alternate Hypothesis is Accepted		
Option C:	Both Null Hypothesis and Alternate Hypothesis are Accepted		
Option D:	Both Null Hypothesis and Alternate Hypothesis are Rejected		
13.	The correlation coefficient r for the following data is $X = 65 = 66 = 67 = 68 = 69 = 70 = 72$		
	Y 67 68 65 68 72 72 69 71		
Option A:	0.372		
Option B:	0.6030		
Option C:	0.574		
Option D:	-0.493		
14.	The equations of the two regression lines are $x + 6y = 6$ & $3x + 2y = 10$. Find the correlation coefficient r .		
Option A:	$\frac{1}{3}$		
Option B:	$\frac{2}{3}$		
Option C:	$-\frac{1}{3}$		
Option D:	$-\frac{2}{3}$		
15.	A connected planar graph has 9 vertices having vertices 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4 and 5. How many edges are there in the graph?		

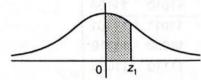
Option B: 13 Option C: 14 Option D: 15 16. A tree T has $2n$ vertices of degree 1, $3n$ vertices of degree 2 and n vertices of degree 3. Determine the number of vertices in the tree T. Option A: 8 Option B: 10 Option C: 12 Option D: 14 17. Given that G be the set of real numbers is a Group under operation $a*b=a+b-2$. Find the identity element of the group. Option A: 0 Option B: 1 Option C: -2 Option D: 2 18. Given that $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ is a finite abelian group under multiplication modulo 7. Find $(5)^{-1}$ under multiplication modulo 7. Option B: 3 Option B: 3 Option C: 5 Option D: 6 19. Given that $A = \{1, 2, 5, 7, 10, 14, 35, 70\}$ is a lattice under the relation divisibility. Find $5 \land 14$. Option D: 1 Option C: 14 Option D: 1 20. Given that $L = \{2, 6, 8, 12, 24\}$ is a Lattice under the relation divisibility. Find complement of the element 6. Option A: 8 Option B: 2 Option B: 2 Option C: 12	Option A:	12
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Option B: 2 Option C: 12	20.	
Option B: 2 Option C: 12	Option A:	8
Option C: 12		
	Option D:	

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
A	Find all integral solutions of the Diophantine Equation $51x + 111y = 6$ by using Euclidean Algorithm.
В	Solve the following simultaneous congruences $x \equiv 1 \pmod{5}$, $x \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$, $x \equiv 3 \pmod{7}$
С	The probability that a bomb dropped from a plane will strike the target is 1/5. If 6 such bombs are dropped, find the probability that (i) exactly two bombs hit the target (ii) at least two bombs will hit the target
D	Can it be concluded that the average life span of an Indian is more than 70 years, if a random sample of 100 Indians has an average life span of 71.8 years with standard deviation of 8.9 years?
E	A tree <i>T</i> has some vertices of degree one, two vertices of degree two, three vertices of degree four and four vertices of degree three. Find the number of vertices of degree one in the tree.
F	Prove that $A = \{1, 3, 5, 15, 30, 60, 90, 180\}$ is Lattice under the relation divisibility.

Q3	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each
A	Prove that 7 divides $111^{333} + 333^{111}$	
В	Find value of Jacobi's symbol $\left(\frac{2657}{9897}\right)$	
С	In an intelligence test administered to 1000 students, the average and standard deviation was 24. Find the number of students the score 50 and (ii) between 30 and 54.	C
D	Calculate Spearman's coefficient of rank correlation from t data.	ne following
_	X 10 12 18 18 15 40	
	Y 12 18 25 25 50 25	
E	Prove that $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ is a finite abelian group undemodulo 6.	er addition

	Prove that $L = \{1, 2, 3, 6\}$ is a complemented Lattice under the relation divisibility.

Area Under Standard Normal Curve



The table gives the area under the standard normal curve from z = 0 to $z = z_1$ which is the probability that z will lie between z = 0 and $z = z_1$.

z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
0.0	.0000	.0040	.0080	.0120	.0160	.0199	.0239	.0279	.0319	.0359
0.1	.0398	.0438	.0478	.0517	.0557	.0596	.0636	.0675	.0714	.0753
0.2	.0793	.0832	.0871	.09 10	.0948	.0987	.1026	.1064	.1103	.1141
0.3	.1179	.1217	.1255	.1293	.1331	.1368	.1406	.1443	.1480	.1517
0.4	.1554	.1591	.1628	.1664	.1700	.1736	.1772	.1808	.1844	.1879
0.5	.1915	.1950	.1985	.2019	.2054	.2088	.2123	.2157	.2190	.2224
0.6	.2257	.2291	.2324	.2357	.2389	.2422	.2454	.2486	.2517	.2549
0.7	.2580	.2611	.2642	.2673	.2703	.2734	.2764	.2794	.2823	.2852
0.8	.2881	.2910	.2939	.2967	.2995	.3023	.3051	.3078	.3106	.3133
0.9	.3159	.3186	.3212	.3238	.3264	.3289	.3315	.3340	.3365	.3389
1.0	.3413	.3438	.3461	.3485	.3508	.3531	.3554	.3577	.3599	.3621
1.1	.3643	.3665	.3686	.3708	.3729	.3749	.3770	.3790	.3810	.3830
1.2	.3849	.3869	.3888	.3907	.3925	.3944	.3962	.3980	.3997	.4015
1.3	.4032	.4049	.4066	.4082	.4099	.4115	.4131	.4147	.4162	.4177
1.4	.4192	.4207	.4222	.4236	.4251	.4265	.4279	.4292	.4306	.4319
1.5	.4332	.4345	.4357	.4370	.4382	.4394	.4406	.4418	.4429	.4441
1.6	.4452	.4463	.4474	.4484	.4495	.4505	.4415	.4525	.4535	.4545
1.7	.4554	.4564	.4573	.4582	.4591	.4599	.4608	.4616	.4625	.4633
1.8	.4641	.4649	.4656	.4664	.4671	.4678	.4686	.4693	.4699	.4706
1.9	.4713	.4719	.4726	.4732	.4738	.4744	.4750	.4756	.4761	.4767
2.0	.4772	.4778	.4783	.4788	.4793	.4798	.4803	.4808	.4812	.4817
2.1	.4821	.4826	.4830	.4834	.4838	.4842	.4846	.4850	.4854	.4857
2.2	.4861	.4864	.4868	.4871	.4875	.4878	.4841	.4884	.4887	.4890
2.3	.4893	.4896	.4898	.4901	.4904	.4906	.4909	.4911	.4913	.4916
2.4	.4918	.4920	.4922	.4925	.4927	.4929	.4931	.4932	.4934	.4936
2.5	.4938	.4940	.4941	.4943	.4945	.4946	.4948	.4949	.4951	.4952
2.6	.4953	.4955	.4956	.4957	.4959	.4560	.4961	.4962	.4963	.4964
2.7	.4965	.4966	.4967	.4968	.4969	.4970	.4971	.4972	.4973	.4974
2.8	.4974	.4975	.4976	.4977	.4977	.4978	.4979	.4979	.4980	.4981
2.9	.4981	.4982	.4982	.4983	.4984	.4984	.4985	.4985	.4986	.4986
3.0	.4987	.4987	.4987	.4988	.4988	.4989	.4989	.4989	.4990	.4990

University of Mumbai

Examination 2021 under cluster __ (Lead College: _____)

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021 to 10th June 2021

Program: **BE** (**Information Technology**)

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: SE Semester: IV

Course Code: ITC401 and Course Name: Applied Mathematics-IV

Question Number	Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D')
Q1.	D
Q2.	С
Q3.	D
Q4	В
Q5	С
Q6	С
Q7	A
Q8.	A
Q9.	A
Q10.	В
Q11.	В
Q12.	В
Q13.	В
Q14.	С
Q15.	С
Q16.	С
Q17.	D
Q18.	В
Q19.	D
Q20.	A

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021

Program: **Information Technology** Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: BE Semester IV

Course Code:ITC402 and Course Name: Computer Networks

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	The Co Dealt M Sliding window Protectly year 2 hit seguence number to ession numbers
1.	The Go-Back-N Sliding window Protocol uses 3-bit sequence number to assign numbers to the frames. Then Size of Sender window and Size of Receiver window is
Option A:	Sender Window size=7, Receiver Window Size 1
Option B:	Sender Window size=3, Receiver Window Size 3
Option C:	Sender Window size=1, Receiver Window Size 1
Option D:	Sender Window size=8, Receiver Window Size 1
2.	A bit string, 011111111100, needs to be transmitted at the data link layer. What is the string actually transmitted after bit stuffing?
Option A:	0111111111100
Option B:	0111110111100
Option C:	0011111011110
Option D:	011110011111
3.	Which Carrier Sense Multiple Access protocol is used in Ethernet LANs?
Option A:	CSMA CCD
Option B:	CSMA/CD
Option C:	CSMA/CA
Option D:	CSMA/CTS
4.	Ethernet frame contains
Option A:	Port address
Option B:	Logical Address
Option C:	Physical Address
Option D:	Socket Address
5.	Identify the transmission media of Wireless Local Area Network?
Option A:	Guided
Option B:	Unguided
Option C:	Connection-less
Option D:	Connection oriented
6.	FHSS is
Option A:	Modulation Technique
Option B:	Multiplexing technique
Option C:	Encoding technique
Option D:	Decoding Technique
7.	You have an IP address of 172.16.13.5 with a 255.255.255.128 subnet mask. What is
	your class of address and subnet address and bits used for subnetting?

Option A:	Class A, Subnet 172.16.13.0, 1 bit for subnetting
Option B:	Class B, Subnet 172.16.13.0, 9 bits for subnetting
Option C:	Class B, Subnet 172.16.0.0, 9 bits for subnetting
Option D:	Class B, Subnet 172.16.0.0, 1 bit for subnetting
option B.	Causs B, Subject 172.10.0.0, 1 bit for subjecting
8.	If the destination address of the received packet is 210.53.123.145 and netmask is
0.	255.255.224.0 Find network address
Option A:	210.53.96.0
Option B:	210.53.123.0
Option C:	210.53.128.0
Option D:	None of These
•	
9.	In OSPF header, which field is used to detect errors in the packet?
Option A:	Type
Option B:	Area ID
Option C:	Authentication type
Option D:	Checksum
10	In ones loop control policies are surfied to
10. Option A:	In open-loop control, policies are applied to Remove after congestion occurs
Option B:	Remove after sometime
Option C:	Prevent before congestion occurs
Option C:	Prevent before sending packets
Option D.	1 revent before sending packets
11.	A subset of a network that includes all the routers but contains no loops is called
Option A:	Spanning tree
Option B:	Spider structure
Option C:	Spider tree
Option D:	Special tree
12.	An endpoint of an inter-process communication flow across a computer network is called
Option A:	pipe
Option B:	socket
Option C:	port
Option D:	machine
13.	What is the main advantage of UDP?
Option A:	More overload
Option B:	Reliable
Option C:	Low overhead
Option D:	Fast
14.	The client in socket programming must know which information?
Option A:	IP address of Server
Option A:	Port number
Option C:	Only its own IP address
Option D:	Both IP address of Server & Port number
15.	Backpressure technique can be applied only to
Option A:	Congestion networks
Option B:	Closed circuit networks
Option C:	Open circuit networks
Option D:	Virtual circuit networks

16.	In TCP/IP protocol as the information moves from lower to higher layer headers are
Option A:	Added
Option B:	Removed
Option C:	Merged
Option D:	Checked and added
_	
17.	In simplex transmission, data flows in
Option A:	both direction
Option B:	in one direction
Option C:	both direction but not simultaneously
Option D:	both direction and simultaneously
18.	protocol is used to assign IP address in the network
Option A:	SMTP
Option B:	HTTP
Option C:	DHCP
Option D:	RIP
19.	DNS system is system
Option A:	Centralized
Option B:	Distributed
Option C:	Peer to Peer
Option D:	Hybrid
20.	Transport Layer offers services
Option A:	Point to point
Option B:	End to end
Option C:	Process to process
Option D:	Both P2P and E2E

Q2. (20 Marks)	
A	Solve any Two 5 marks each
i.	What are the limitations of OSI model?
ii.	Compare Lossless vs.Lossy compression techniques.
iii.	Consider an error detecting CRC with the generator $G(x) = 10011$ Compute the
	transmitted bit sequence For the data bit sequence 1101011011.
В	Solve any One 10 marks each
i.	Explain LSR routing algorithm and mention how it overcomes drawbacks of
	DVR?
ii.	Is slotted ALOHA performance is better than pure aloha? Justify your answer.

Q3.		
(20 Marks)		
A	Solve any Two	5 marks each
i.	Write short note on -Framing methods	
ii.	Which cable you will use to connect the machines to for	rm a Local area network of
	an educational organization and Why?	
iii.	Explain subnetting with example	
В	Solve any One	10 marks each
i.	How TCP controls the Congestion, explain in detail	
ii.	Explain HDLC Protocol	

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021

Program: **Information Technology** Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: BE Semester IV

Course Code: ITC402 and Course Name: Computer Networks

Question Number	Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D')
Q1.	A
Q2.	В
Q3.	В
Q4	С
Q5	В
Q6	A
Q7	В
Q8.	A
Q9.	D
Q10.	С
Q11.	A
Q12.	В
Q13.	С
Q14.	D
Q15.	D
Q16.	В
Q17.	В
Q18.	С
Q19.	В
Q20.	С

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021

Program: **Information Technology**Curriculum Scheme: **Rev2016**Examination: BE Semester IV

Course Code: ITC403 and Course Name: OPERATING SYSTEM

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks		
1.	In a programmed input/output(PIO)		
Option A:	the CPU uses polling to watch the control bit constantly, looping to see if a device		
	is ready		
Option B:	the CPU writes one data byte to the data register and sets a bit in control register to show that a byte is available		
Option C:	the CPU receives an interrupt when the device is ready for the next byte		
Option D:	the CPU runs a user written code and does accordingly		
1			
2.	Two processes often require data to be transferred between them. The major activities of an operating system with respect to?		
Option A:	Error handling		
Option B:	Resource Management		
Option C:	Protection		
Option D:	Communication		
3.	Which one of the following is not an attack, but a search for vulnerabilities to attack?		
Option A:	denial of service		
Option B:	port scanning		
Option C:	memory access violation		
Option D:	dumpster diving		
4.	What is the mounting of file system?		
Option A:	crating of a filesystem		
Option B:	deleting a filesystem		
Option C:	attaching portion of the file system into a directory structure		
Option D:	removing the portion of the file system into a directory structure		
5.	The time taken for the desired sector to rotate to the disk head is called		
Option A:	positioning time		
Option B:	random access time		
Option C:	seek time		
Option D:	rotational latency		

6.	RAID stands for		
Option A:	Redundant Allocation of Inexpensive Disks		
Option B:	Redundant Array of Important Disks		
Option C:	Redundant Allocation of Independent Disks		
Option D:	Redundant Array of Independent Disks		
Орион Б.	Redundant Array of Independent Disks		
7.	A server crash and recovery will to a client.		
Option A:	be visible		
Option B:	Affect		
Option C:	be invisible		
Option C:	Harm		
Option D.	11di iii		
8.	Memory management technique in which system stores and retrieves data from		
0.	secondary storage for use in main memory is called?		
Option A:	Fragmentation		
Option B:	Paging		
Option C:	Mapping		
Option C:	Segmentation		
Option D.	Segmentation		
9.	The operating system and the other processes are protected from being modified		
).	by an already running process because		
Option A:	they are in different memory spaces		
Option B:	they are in different logical addresses		
Option C:	they have a protection algorithm		
Option C:	every address generated by the CPU is being checked against the relocation an		
Option D.	limit registers		
	Innit registers		
10.	The is used as an index into the page table.		
Option A:	frame bit		
Option B:	page number		
Option C:	page offset		
Option D:	frame offset		
11.	Each entry in a translation lookaside buffer (TLB) consists of		
Option A:	Key		
Option B:	Value		
Option C:	bit value		
Option D:	Constant		
1			
12.	A multilevel page table is preferred in comparison to a single level page table for		
	translating virtual address to physical address because		
Option A:	it reduces the memory access time to read or write a memory location		
Option B:	it helps to reduce the size of page table needed to implement the virtual address		
	space of a process		
Option C:	it is required by the translation lookaside buffer		
Option D:	it helps to reduce the number of page faults in page replacement algorithms		
13.	Which technique is based on compile-time program transformation for accessing		
	remote data in a distributed-memory parallel system?		
Option A:	cache coherence scheme		
±	1		

Option B:	computation migration
Option C:	remote procedure call
Option D:	message passing
<u> </u>	
14.	Implementation of a stateless file server must not follow?
Option A:	Idempotency requirement
Option B:	Encryption of keys
Option C:	File locking mechanism
Option D:	Cache consistency
15.	A semaphore S is an integer variable that, apart from initialization, is accessed only
	through two standard atomic operations:
Option A:	Exec() & exit()
Option B:	Exec() & signal()
Option C:	Wait() & signal()
Option D:	Wait() & exit()
16.	After fork() system call, one of the two processes typically uses the
	system call to replace the process's memory space with a new program.
Option A:	Exit
Option B:	Init
Option C:	Wait
Option D:	Exec
17.	Copying a process from memory to disk to allow space for other processes is called
Option A:	Swapping
Option A:	Deadlock
Option C:	Demand paging
Option D:	Page fault
option 2.	
18.	For long-term scheduler which of the following stand TRUE
	i. The long term scheduler executes much less frequently.
	ii. Because of the longer interval between executions, the long-term
	scheduler can afford to take more time to decide which process should
	be selected for execution.
	iii. Because of the smaller interval between executions, the long-term
	scheduler can afford to take less time to decide which process should be
	selected for execution.
Ontion A:	iv. The long-term scheduler executes more frequently.
Option A: Option B:	i, ii only i only
Option C:	i & iv only
Option C. Option D:	i, Ii & iii only
Option D.	i, ii & iii oiii y
19.	Kernel threads
Option A:	Cannot be supported & managed directly by the OS.
Option B:	Can be supported & managed directly by the OS.
Option C:	Are managed below the kernel & are managed without kernel support
Option D:	Are managed above the kernel & are managed with kernel support

20.	Which of the following Multithreading model maps many user-level threads to one		
	kernel thread.		
Option A:	Many to One Model		
Option B:	One to Many Model		
Option C:	Many to Many Model		
Option D:	One to One Model		

Q2	Solve any Two Questions out of Three	10 marks each
A	What are the major activities of an operating system management and memory management?	with regards to file
В	What is paging? How it is different from segmentation? Exp for paging.	lain Hardware support
С	Explain methods for deadlock handling.	

Q3.	Solve any Two Question	ns out of Three	10 marks each
A	Explain RAID Level in I	Details	
В	Compare Sate full Server	r v/s Stateless Server with	a proper example.
С	Consider the following set of processes, with the length of CPU burst given in mili seconds. The processes are assumed to have arrived order P1, P2, P3. Calculate the average turnaround time and average waiting time for FCFS & SJF algorithm. Also draw Gantt Chart.		
	PROCESS BURST TIME ARRIVAL TIME		
	P1	15	0
	P2	5	0
	P3	13	0

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021

Program: **Information Technology**Curriculum Scheme: **Rev2016**Examination: BE Semester IV

Course Code: ITC403 and Course Name: OPERATING SYSTEM

Question Number	Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D')
Q1.	A
Q2.	D
Q3.	В
Q4	С
Q5	D
Q6	D
Q7	С
Q8.	В
Q9.	D
Q10.	В
Q11.	A
Q12.	В
Q13.	В
Q14.	В
Q15.	С
Q16.	D
Q17.	A
Q18.	A
Q19.	A
Q20.	A

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021

Program: **Information Technology** Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: BE Semester IV

Course Code: ITC404 Course Name: Computer Organization and Architecture

Time: 2 hour Max. Marks: 80

01	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are
Q1.	compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	What is the function of MAR?
Option A:	Read/write a word from memory
Option B:	Specify an address of memory
Option C:	Contains the 8-bit op-code
Option D:	Store address of next instruction
2.	The functions of Pins from 24 to 31depend on the mode in which is
	operating.
Option A:	8085
Option B:	80835
Option C:	80845
Option D:	8086
3.	The bus used to connect the monitor to the CPU is
Option A:	PCI Bus
Option B:	SCSI Bus
Option C:	Memory Bus
Option D:	RAM Bus
4.	Which segment register is being used in the given instruction?
	MOV CX, SS: [BX]
Option A:	Extra Segment Register (ES)
Option B:	Code Segment Register (CS)
Option C:	Stack Segment Register (SS)
Option D:	Data Segment Register (DS)
5.	The instructions that are used for reading an input port and writing an output port
	respectively are
Option A:	MOV, XCHG
Option B:	MOV, IN
Option C:	IN, MOV
Option D:	IN, OUT

6.	The instruction that loads the effective address formed by destination operand into	
Ontino A	the specified source register is LEA	
Option A:	LDS	
Option B:		
Option C:	LES	
Option D:	LAHF	
7.	When large delays are required, then	
Option A:	one or more count registers can be used	
Option B:	one or more shift registers can be used	
Option C:	one or more pointer registers can be used	
Option D:	one or more index registers can be used	
option B.	one of more mack registers can be used	
8.	A micro-programmed control unit	
Option A:	is faster than a hard-wired control unit	
Option B:	facilitates easy implementation of new instructions	
Option C:	is useful when very small programs are to be run	
Option D:	Usually refers to the control unit of microprocessor	
9.	Which category includes traditional uniprocessors?	
Option A:	SISD	
Option B:	SIMD	
Option C:	MISD	
Option D:	MIMD	
10.	To increase the speed of memory access in pipelining, we make use of	
Option A:	Special Memory locations	
Option B:	Special Purpose registers	
Option C:	Cache	
Option D:	Buffers	
1.1	The shility to shift an actety in the same instruction alone with other executions is	
11.	The ability to shift or rotate in the same instruction along with other operations is performed with the help of	
Option A:	performed with the help of Switching circuit	
Option B:	Barrel switcher circuit	
Option C:	Integrated Switching circuit	
Option D:	Multiplexer circuit	
option B.	1vidiapiexei elicait	
12.	In IEEE 32-bit representations, the mantissa of the fraction is said to occupy	
	bits.	
Option A:	23	
Option B:	24	
Option C:	20	
Option D:	16	
13.	Which of the following is used for binary multiplication?	
Option A:	Restoring Multiplication	
Option B:	Booth's Algorithm	
Option C:	Pascal's Rule	

14.	2's complement of 11001011 is .	
Option A:	01010111	
Option B:	11010100	
Option C:	00110101	
Option D:	11100010	
T. V.		
15.	In restoring division algorithm, for Dividend=10000 and Divisor=100. How many numbers of cycles are required to get the correct division result?	
Option A:	4	
Option B:	5	
Option C:	3	
Option D:	6	
•		
16.	The fastest data access is provided using	
Option A:	Cache	
Option B:	DRAM's	
Option C:	SRAM's	
Option D:	Registers	
•		
17.	The last on the hierarchy scale of memory devices is	
Option A:	Main Memory	
Option B:	Secondary Memory	
Option C:	TLB	
Option D:	Flash drives	
18.	Memory unit accessed by content is called	
Option A:	Read only memory	
Option B:	Programmable Memory	
Option C:	Virtual Memory	
Option D:	Associative Memory	
19.	In memory-mapped I/O	
Option A:		
Option B:	The I/O devices have a separate address space	
Option C:		
Option D:	Option D: A part of the memory is specifically set aside for the I/O operation	
20.	I/O Interrupt driven is more efficient than	
Option A:	I/O Modules	
Option B:	I/O Devices	
Option C:	Programmed I/O	
Option D:	CPU	

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each		
(20 Marks Each)			
A	Draw block diagram of maximum mode operation of 8086.		
	Write a program to add two 16-bit number	rs where the numbers are at 5000	
В	and 5002 memory address and store result into 5004 and 5006 memory		
	address.		
C	Explain concepts of Nano programming.		
D	Draw the flowchart of the Restoring Division algorithm.		
Е	What is Associative memory?		
F	What are the major functions of an I/O module?		
Q3	Q3 Solve any Two out of Three 10 marks each		
(20 Marks Each)			
A	Multiply (-5) and (2) using Booth's algorithm.		
В	What is addressing mode? Explain addres	sing modes of 8086 with	
D	examples.		
С	List the Flynn's classification of Parallel I	Processing System and describe	
	each classification in detail.		

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021

Program: **Information Technology** Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: BE Semester IV

Course Code: ITC404 Course Name: Computer Organization and Architecture

Time: 2 hour Max. Marks: 80

Question Number	Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D')
Q1.	В
Q2.	D
Q3.	В
Q4	С
Q5	D
Q6	A
Q7	A
Q8.	В
Q9.	A
Q10.	С
Q11.	В
Q12.	A
Q13.	В
Q14.	С
Q15.	В
Q16.	D
Q17.	В
Q18.	D
Q19.	A
Q20.	С

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021

Program: **Information Technology** Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: BE Semester IV

Course Code: <u>ITC405</u> and Course Name: <u>Automata Theory</u>

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks	
1.	Recursively enumerable problems can be solved using	
Option A:	Linear Bounded Automata	
Option B:	Pushdown Automata	
Option C:	Turing Machine	
Option D:	Finite Automata	
2.	Which of the following answers represent method/s of acceptance by a PDA	
Option A:	Empty stack method, By reaching Final state	
Option B:	Only Empty stack method	
Option C:	Only by reaching final state	
Option D:	PDA can accept input by having a specific state of stack contents.	
3.	Consider NFA with epsilon moves shown in the transition diagram. Consider the device is in state 0 and input is symbol 'a'; which of the following options represents the states the device can reach if it takes this transition? $ \begin{array}{c} a_1b \\ q_2 \end{array} $	
Option A:	{q0, q2}	
Option B:	{q0, q1, q2}	
Option C:	{q0, q1, q2, q3}	
Option D:	$\{q0, q1\}$	
4.	Syntax analysis in the compiler is possible with which of the following machine.	
Option A:	Mealy Machine	
Option B:	Moore Machine	
Option C:	Pushdown Automata	
Option D:	Turing Machine	
5.	Relate the following statement:	

	Statement: All sufficiently long words in a regular language can have a middle section words repeated a number of times to produce a new word which also lies within the sa language.	
Option A:	Turing Machine	
Option B:	Pumping Lemma	
Option C:	Arden's theorem	
Option D:	Push Down Automata	
6.	Which automaton accepts Type-2 grammar?	
Option A:	Turing Machine	
Option B:	PDA	
Option C:	DFA	
Option D:	NFA	
7.	Select the correct option from below about the pair of states in FA.	
Option A:	If a pair of states (q_i, q_j) is a pair of equivalent states of a FA then one of them must be final and the other must be a non final state.	
Option B:	If a pair of states (q_i,q_j) is a pair of distinct states of a FA then both must be non-final.	
Option C:	If a pair of states (q_i,q_j) is a pair of distinct states of a FA then both must be final.	
Option D:	If a pair of states (q_i, q_j) is a pair of equivalent states of a FA then they must either be bo final or both non-final.	
8.	The minimum number of states required in a DFA (along with a dumping state) to check whether the 3rd bit is 1 or not for $ n >= 3$	
Option A:	3	
Option B:	4	
Option C:	5	
Option D:	1	
9.	What is the language of the Turing machine?	
Option A:	Regular language	
Option B:	Context free language	
Option C:	Recursive enumerable language	
Option D:	Context sensitive language	
10.	An NFA accepts a string w given input if	
Option A:	There is exactly one walk from initial state to final state with label w on the transition graph of NFA.	
Option B:	There is at least one walk from initial state to final state with label w on the transition graph of NFA.	
Option C:	There is at least one walk from any state to the final state with label w on the transition graph of NFA.	

Option D:	There is at most one walk from final state to initial state with label w on the transition gra of NFA.	
11.	Which of the following statements is not true?	
Option A:	Every language defined by any of the automata is also defined by a regular expression	
Option B:	Every language defined by a regular expression can be represented using a PDA	
Option C:	Every language defined by a regular expression can be represented using NFA with epsilon moves	
Option D:	Regular expression is just another representation for any automata definition	
12.	Which of the following statements is true?	
Option A:	String ending in 01 over {0,1} can be accepted by designing FA, PDA as well as TM.	
Option B:	We cannot design FA with output to represent binary addition of 2 numbers.	
Option C:	Language L of form $0^n 1^n$ for $n \ge 1$ can be accepted by a FA.	
Option D:	Language L over {0,1} where strings are more than size 4 where the second last symbol always 1 cannot be accepted by any FA.	
13.	The halting problem can tell	
Option A:	When the program can halt	
Option B:	Whether or not the program will continue to run forever	
Option C:	Whether string is accepted or not	
Option D:	Whether Turing machine will halt or not	
14.	Regular Expression R and the language it describes can be represented as:	
Option A:	R, R(L)	
Option B:	L(R), R(L)	
Option C:	R, L(R)	
Option D:	L, R	
15.	The FA has to recognize a pattern "word". How many states are required to recognize the pattern	
Option A:	6	
Option B:	5	
Option C:	3	
Option D:	4	
16.	Consider the Mealy machine shown in the transition diagram below. Which is the correct option that represents an equivalent Moore machine.	

Option A:	1/0 - q ₁ /1 1/0	
Option B:	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Option C:	$\begin{array}{c c} 1/0 & 0/1 \\ \hline & 0/1 & q_1/1 \end{array}$	
Option D:	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
17.	Consider the following transition diagram for a PDA. Assume Z_0 represents an empty stack symbol. What will be the device state and stack content if partial input given is "aaabbb" $a,z_0/az_0$ $a,a/az_0$	
Option A:	state q_2 Stack content is Z_0	
Option B:	state q ₂ Stack content is aZ ₀	
Option C:	state q_1 Stack content is Z_0	
Option D:	state q_2 Stack content is ϵ	
18.	Regular expression for strings which starts and ends with same letter over $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$	
Option A:	a(a+b)*a	
Option B:	b(a+b)*b	
Option C:	(a+b)(a+b)*(a+b)	
Option D:	a(a+b)*a+b(a+b)*b	
19.	The minimum number of states required by a FA to recognize a decimal number divisible by 4	
Option A:	1	
Option B:	2	
Option C:	3	
Option D:	4	

20.	Which of the following language cannot be accepted by any deterministic PDA	
Option A:	= {All strings having aba as substring, over $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$ }	
Option B:	$L = \{w : w \text{ is a palindrome over } \{a, b\}^* \}$	
Option C:	$L = \{wdw^r: w \text{ string from } \{a, b\}^*, w^r \text{ is reverse of } w \text{ and } d \text{ is different from } a \text{ and } b \}$	
Option D:	$L = \{a^n b^m a^n : n >= 1, m >= 1\}$	

Q2		
A	Solve any Two 5 marks each	
i.	Write down the regular expression for the following language.	
	 a) L is a language for all strings over {0,1} having an odd number of 1s and any number of 0s. b) L is language for all strings over {0,1} having number of 10 or 11 	
ii.	Construct CEC for the languages represented by the following descriptions:	
11.	Construct CFG for the languages represented by the following descriptions: a) Alternating sequence of 0 and 1	
	b) $a^n b^m c^k$ where $k=n+m$	
iii.	Design a Mealy machine to recognise all inputs over {a,b}* that have aba substring. Device should recognise substring by output 'y' as substring is found.	
В	Solve any One 10 marks each	
i.	Design a PDA to accept $L = \{a^n b^{2n}: n > = 1\}$. Clearly define all components of your device. Also show simulation of 1 valid and 1 invalid input string.	
ii.	List application of Turing Machine. Design Turing Machine to accept the string of even length.	
Q3.		
A	Solve any Two 5 marks each	
i.	State and explain closure properties of regular languages.	
ii.	Explain power and limitations of regular grammar.	
iii.	Design a DFA over $\{0,1\}^*$ starting and ending in 1.	
В	Solve any One 10 marks each	
i.	Represent (a+b)*(ab+aa)b as NFA epsilon. Convert the same to minimized DFA	
ii.	Let G be a grammar. Find Leftmost derivation and rightmost derivation and parse tree for the strings 0012222 and 111222	
	G: $S \rightarrow 0S \mid 1A \mid 2B \mid \epsilon$	
	$A \rightarrow 1A \mid 2B \mid \epsilon$	
	$B \rightarrow 2B \mid \epsilon$	
	$D \rightarrow ZD + C$	

Examinations Commencing from 1st June 2021

Program: **Information Technology** Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: BE Semester IV

Course Code: ITC405 and Course Name: Automata Theory

Question Number	Correct Option
Q1.	С
Q2.	А
Q3.	А
Q4	С
Q5	В
Q6	В
Q7	D
Q8.	С
Q9.	С
Q10.	В
Q11.	В
Q12.	А
Q13.	D
Q14.	С
Q15.	В
Q16.	С
Q17.	С
Q18.	D
Q19.	D
Q20.	В