## K. J. SOMAIYA INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES AND RESEARCH,

 Vidyavihar, Mumbai- 400077Program MIM (Batch2018-21), Sem-I

## Subject: Financial and Cost Accounting

## Maximum Marks: 50

Duration: 3 Hours
Date: November 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2018$

## Instructions

1. The first question is compulsory, carrying $\mathbf{2 0}$ marks
2. Attempt any 2 questions from the remaining, each carrying 15 marks.

## QUESTION 1

The following is the trial balance of Mr Bijoy as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March,2018. Prepare the Profit \& Loss account and Balance Sheet as on that date.

|  | Debit ( Rs ) | Credit (Rs) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Share Capital |  | $20,00,000$ |
| Building | $11,50,000$ |  |
| Land | $18,00,000$ |  |
| Furniture | $7,50,000$ |  |
| Vehicles | $2,50,000$ |  |
| Interest on loan | 90,000 |  |
| Loan |  | $11,50,000$ |
| Purchases | $7,50,000$ |  |
| Sales |  | $14,75,000$ |
| Opening stock | 25,000 |  |
| Office expenses | $1,50,000$ |  |
| Wages | 20,000 |  |
| Insurance | 10,000 |  |
| Commission |  |  |
| Debtors | $2,81,000$ |  |
| Creditors |  | $7,51,000$ |
| Bank Balance | $2,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ |
| TOTAL | $54,76,000$ | $54,76,000$ |

Adjustments:

1. The value of closing stock on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2018 was Rs $2,70,000$.
2. Outstanding wages amounted to Rs 10,000
3. Prepaid insurance amounted to Rs. 5000.
4. Depreciate building by $2.5 \%$, furniture by $10 \%$ and vehicle by $10 \%$
5. Tax rate is $30 \%$.

## QUESTION 2

Joann Swanson owns and operates a restaurant. Her fixed costs are $\$ 17,000$ per month. She serves luncheons and dinners. The average total bill (excluding tax and tip) is $\$ 18$ per customer. Swanson's present variable costs average $\$ 9.50$ per meal.

1. How many meals must she serve to attain a profit before taxes of $\$ 8,500$ per month?
2. What is the break-even point in number of meals served per month?
3. Suppose Swanson's rent and other fixed costs rise to a total of $\$ 25,420$ per month and variable costs also rise to $\$ 11.40$ per meal. If Swanson increases her average price to $\$ 22$, how many meals must she serve to make $\$ 8,500$ profit per month?
4. Assume the same situation described in requirement 3. Swanson's accountant tells her she may lose $15 \%$ of her customers if she increases her prices. If this should happen, what would be Swanson's profit per month? Assume that the restaurant had been serving 3,000 customers per month.

## QUESTION 3

Roshni Electronics Manufacturing company furnishes the following information for 1000 TV sets during the year 2017.

| Particulars | Amount (Rs.) | Particulars | Amount <br> (Rs.) |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Material | $35,00,000$ | Factory Indirect Wages | $2,00,000$ |
| Direct Wages | $7,00,000$ | Other factory Costs | $1,00,000$ |
| Power \& consumable <br> stores | $3,20,000$ | Salaries \& management <br> expenses | $12,00,000$ |
| Factory Lighting | $3,00,000$ | Selling expenses | $25,00,000$ |
| Sale proceeds of scrap | $1,00,000$ |  <br> Depreciation | $4,00,000$ |

The net selling price was Rs. 14,000 per unit sold and all units were sold. It is estimated that production could be increased by $25 \%$ in next year due to spare capacity. Following it, Rates for materials and direct wages will reduce by $2 \%$. Also, selling price would be increased to Rs. 14,500 per unit in 2015.
You are required to prepare (a) Cost sheet for the year 2017 (total cost as well as cost per unit for each item). (b) Estimated cost and profitability for 2018 for 1,250 units to be produced and sold. Assume that factory overheads will be recovered as a percentage of direct material and office and selling expenses as a percentage of works cost.

## QUESTION 4

(A)A company submits the following information on date of Financial Year ending.
(i) Sales for the year: Rs. 2,50,000
(ii)Inventories:

| Particulars | Beginning | Closing |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Finished Goods | Rs. 7,200 | Rs. 5,800 |
| Work-in-Progress | Rs. 5,000 | Rs. 9,000 |
| Raw Material | Rs. 2,000 | Rs. 3,000 |

(iii) Raw Material Purchase for the year: Rs. 1,20,000.
(iv) Direct Labour: Rs. 75,000.
(v) Factory Overheads: $65 \%$ of direct labour cost.
(vi) Other expenses for the year: Selling Expenses: 8\% of sales; Admin Expenses: 4\% of sales.
Prepare a Statement of cost. ( 10 marks)
(b) M/s Nitin Stationers manufactures plastic files for office use. The details of its'cost and sales is as follows:

Variable Cost per file Rs 45
Fixed Cost Rs 60,000 per year
Production capacity $\quad 3,000$ files per year
Selling price Rs 110 per file
You are required to compute the following:
(i) Break Even Point
(ii) Number of files to be sold to earn a net profit of Rs 36,000

> (5 marks)


