

**K. J. SOMAIYA INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES AND RESEARCH,**

**Vidyavihar, Mumbai- 400077**

**Program: PGDM-Exec MBA (Batch2018-19), Trimester-II**

**Subject: Economic Environment Of Business**

**(End Term Examination)**

**Maximum Marks: 50**

**Duration: 3 hours**

**March 11<sup>th</sup> 2019**

**Note : Answer any Five of the following. All questions carry equal marks.**

**1a)** An economy is characterized by the following equations:

C (consumption) =  $60 + 0.9Y_d$

I (Investment) = 10

G (Government Expenditure) = 10

T Taxes = 0

X (Exports) = 20

M (Imports) =  $10 + 0.05Y$

Calculate the equilibrium income

What is the trade balance?

**b)** Is real GDP a good measure of economic welfare?

**2a)** Explain various indexes used to measure inflation

**b)** Examine the impact of change in price level on aggregate demand as the sum of four categories of spending, that is,  $C + I + G + NX$ .

**3a)** A In the classical aggregate supply curve model, the economy is always at the full-employment level of output and the unemployment rate is always zero." Comment on this statement.

**b)** "In the classical AS-curve case, an increase in government spending will increase interest rates and real money balances." Explain.

**4)** Examine the final integration of the goods and the money market in the Keynesian Macro Economic model.

**5a)** Explain the main instruments of Monetary policy that can be adopted to control inflation.

**b)** What is liquidity trap? How does it make the expansionary monetary policy ineffective in reviving the economy from depression?

**6** Write a short note on the following:

Crowding out effect of government spending

Role of automatic stabilisers

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