K. J. SOMAIYA INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES AND RESEARCH,

Vidyavihar, Mumbai- 400077

Program: *PGDM (IB) (Batch2017-19)* Subject: Business & Corporate Law

Date: 29th September, 2017 Total Marks: 50 Durati

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Part - I

**Instructions:** 

a. Answer any 2

b. Critically think and comment on the following statements.

(2x10 Marks = 20)

Marks)

1. "Subsidiaries are a common feature of business life, and most multinational corporations

organize their operations in this way. The most common way that control of a subsidiary is

achieved is through the ownership of shares by the parent. There are, however other ways that

control can come about, and the exact rules both as to what control is needed and how it is

achieved, can be complex."

2. "Any civilized system of law is bound to provide remedies for cases of what has been called

unjust enrichment or unjust benefit, that is, to prevent a man from retaining the money of another

which is against conscience that he should keep. However if money is advanced by way of

capital for carrying on illegal partnership, such advance is not recoverable having regard to the

principle, exturpi causa non oritur actio. "

3. "Companies Act, 2013 incorporated many provisions and reforms, established the

responsibility and accountability of auditors, defined related parties to a company to include its

holding, subsidiary, and associate companies and also insisted on companies having independent

directors."

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## Part – II

## **Instructions:**

- a. Answer any 5
- b. Who, What, When, Where, Why and How questions. (5x6 Marks =30Marks)
- 1. When does ownership of goods pass to a purchaser?
- 2. What remedies are available if a contract is broken?
- 3. Who are Members, Directors and Promoters?
- **4.** What is needed for a contract to exist?
- **5.** How is a company different from its owners?
- **6.** Why and how are a company's rules made?

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