## University of Mumbai

## Examination 2021 under cluster __ (Lead College: <br> $\qquad$ )

Examinations Commencing from 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ June 2021 to 10 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ June 2021
Program: S.E.(Computer Engineering)
Curriculum Scheme: Rev-2019 'C' Scheme
Examination: S.E. Semester IV
Course Code: CSC401 Course Name: Engineering Mathematics IV
Time: 2 hour
Max. Marks: 80

| Q1. | Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | The region of rejection of the null hypothesis $H_{0}$ is known as |  |  |  |
| Option A: | Critical region |  |  |  |
| Option B: | Favourable region |  |  |  |
| Option C: | Domain |  |  |  |
| Option D: | Confidence region |  |  |  |
| 2. | Sample of two types of electric bulbs were tested for length of life and the following data were obtained |  |  |  |
|  |  | Size | Mean | SD |
|  | Sample 1 | 8 | 1234 h | 36 h |
|  | Sample 2 | 7 | 1036 h | 40 h |
|  | The absolute value of test statistic in testing the significance of difference between means is |  |  |  |
| Option A: | $\mathrm{t}=10.77$ |  |  |  |
| Option B: | $\mathrm{t}=9.39$ |  |  |  |
| Option C: | $\mathrm{t}=8.5$ |  |  |  |
| Option D: | $\mathrm{t}=6.95$ |  |  |  |
| 3. | If X is a poisson variate such that $P(X=1)=P(X=2)$, then $P(X=3)$ is |  |  |  |
| Option A: | $\frac{4 e^{2}}{3}$ |  |  |  |
| Option B: | $4 e^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Option C: | $\frac{4}{3 e^{2}}$ |  |  |  |
| Option D: | $\frac{4}{e^{2}}$ |  |  |  |


| 4. | If $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3\end{array}\right]$, Then following is not the eigenvalue ofadj $A$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | 6 |
| Option B: | 2 |
| Option C: | 4 |
| Option D: | 3 |
| 5. | For the matrix $\left[\begin{array}{llr}2 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2\end{array}\right]$ the eigenvector corresponding to the distinct eigenvalue $\lambda=2$ is |
| Option A: | $\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 1 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$ |
| Option B: | $\left[\begin{array}{r}1 \\ -1 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$ |
| Option C: | $\left[\begin{array}{l}2 \\ 1 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$ |
| Option D: | $\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$ |
| 6. | The necessary and sufficient condition for a square matrix to be diagonalizable is that for each of it's eigenvalue |
| Option A: | algebraic multiplicity > geometric multiplicity |
| Option B: | algebraic multiplicity $=$ geometric multiplicity |
| Option C: | algebraic multiplicity < geometric multiplicity |
| Option D: | algebraic multiplicity $\neq$ geometric multiplicity |
|  |  |
| 7. | If the characteristic equation of a matrix A of order $3 \times 3$ is $\lambda^{3}-7 \lambda^{2}+11 \lambda-$ $5=0$, then by the Cayley-Hamilton theorem $A^{-1}$ is equal to |
| Option A: | $\frac{1}{5}\left(A^{3}-7 A^{2}+11 \mathrm{~A}\right)$ |
| Option B: | $\frac{1}{5}\left(A^{2}+7 A+11 \mathrm{I}\right)$ |
| Option C: | $\frac{1}{5}\left(A^{3}+7 A^{2}+11 \mathrm{~A}\right)$ |
| Option D: | $\frac{1}{5}\left(A^{2}-7 A+11 \mathrm{I}\right)$ |
| 8. | Value of an integral $\int_{0}^{1+i}\left(x^{2}-i y\right) d z$ along the path $y=x^{2}$ is |
| Option A: | $\frac{5}{6}-\frac{i}{6}$ |
| Option B: | $-\frac{5}{6}-\frac{i}{6}$ |
| Option C: | $\frac{5}{6}+\frac{i}{6}$ |
| Option D: | $\frac{-5}{6}+\frac{i}{6}$ |


| 9. | Integral $\int \frac{5 z^{2}+7 z+1}{z+1} d z$ along a circle $\|z\|=\frac{1}{2}$ is equal to |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | 1 |
| Option B: | -1 |
| Option C: | 3/2 |
| Option D: | 0 |
| 10. | Analytic function gets expanded as a Laurent series if the region of convergence is |
| Option A: | rectangular |
| Option B: | triangular |
| Option C: | circular |
| Option D: | annular |
|  |  |
| 11. | Residue of $f(z)=\frac{z^{2}}{(z+1)^{2}(z-2)}$ at a pole $z=2$ is |
| Option A: | 4/9 |
| Option B: | 2/9 |
| Option C: | 1/2 |
| Option D: | 0 |
|  |  |
| 12. | z-transform of an unit impulse function $\delta(k)=\begin{gathered}1, \\ 0, \text { at } k=0 \\ 0, \text { otherwise }\end{gathered}$ is |
| Option A: | 1 |
| Option B: | 0 |
| Option C: | -1 |
| Option D: | k |
|  |  |
| 13. | $z\{\sin (3 k+5)\}, k \geq 0$ is |
| Option A: | $\frac{z^{2} \sin 2-z \sin 5}{z^{2}-2 z \cos 3+1}$ |
| Option B: | $\frac{z^{2} \sin 5+z \sin 2}{z^{2}-2 z \cos 3+1}$ |
| Option C: | $\frac{z^{2} \sin 5-z \sin 2}{z^{2}-2 z \cos 3+1}$ |
| Option D: | $\frac{z^{2} \sin 2+z \sin 5}{z^{2}-2 z \cos 3+1}$ |
| 14. | The inverse z -transform of $f(z)=\frac{z}{(z-1)(z-2)} \quad,\|z\|>2$ is |
| Option A: | $2^{k}-2$ |
| Option B: | $2^{k}-1$ |
| Option C: | $2^{k}+1$ |
| Option D: | $2^{k}+2$ |
|  |  |
| 15. | If the basic solution of LPP is $x=1, y=0$ then the solution is |
| Option A: | Feasible and non-Degenerate |
| Option B: | Non-Feasible and Degenerate |
| Option C: | Feasible and Degenerate |
| Option D: | Non-Feasible and non-Degenerate |


| 16. | If the primal LPP has an unbounded solution then the dual has |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | Unbounded solution |
| Option B: | Bounded solution |
| Option C: | Feasible solution |
| Option D: | Infeasible solution |
| 17. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dual of the following LPP is } \\ & \text { Maximize } z=2 x_{1}+9 x_{2}+11 x_{3} \\ & \quad x_{1}-x_{2}+x_{3} \geq 3 \\ & \text { Subject to }-3 x_{1}+2 x_{3} \leq 1 \\ & \quad 2 x_{1}+x_{2}-5 x_{3}=1 \\ & x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3} \geq 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| Option A: | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { Minimize } w=-3 y_{1}+y_{2}+y^{\prime} \\ & -y_{1}-3 y_{2}+2 y^{\prime} \geq 2 \\ \text { Subject to } & y_{1}+y^{\prime} \geq 9 \\ -y_{1}+2 y_{2}-5 y^{\prime} \geq 11 \end{array}$ $y_{1}, y_{2} \geq 0, \text { y' unrestricted }$ |
| Option B: | $\begin{gathered} \text { Minimize } w=-3 y_{1}+y_{2}+y_{3} \\ \quad-y_{1}-3 y_{2}+2 y_{3} \geq 2 \\ \text { Subject to } \begin{array}{c} y_{1}+y_{3} \geq 9 \end{array} \\ \quad-y_{1}+2 y_{2}-5 y_{3} \geq 11 \\ y_{1}, y_{2}, y_{3} \geq 0 \end{gathered}$ |
| Option C: | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { Minimize } & w=2 y_{1}+9 y_{2}+11 y^{\prime} \\ & -y_{1}-3 y_{2}+2 y^{\prime} \geq 3 \\ \text { Subject to } \quad y_{1}+y^{\prime} \geq 1 \\ & -y_{1}+2 y_{2}-5 y^{\prime} \geq 1 \end{array}$ $y_{1}, y_{2} \geq 0, \mathrm{y} \text { ' unrestricted }$ |
| Option D: | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { Minimize } & w=2 y_{1}+9 y_{2}+11 y_{3} \\ & -y_{1}-3 y_{2}+2 y_{3} \geq 3 \\ \text { Subject to } & y_{1}+y_{3} \geq 1 \\ -y_{1}+2 y_{2}-5 y_{3} \geq 1 \end{array}$ $y_{1}, y_{2} \geq 0, \mathrm{y} \text { ' unrestricted }$ |
| 18. | Consider the NLPP: <br> Maximize $z=f\left(x_{1}, x_{2}\right)$, subject to the constraint $h=g\left(x_{1}, x_{2}\right)-b \leq 0$. <br> Let $L=f-\lambda g$, then the Kuhn-Tucker conditions are |
| Option A: | $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{1}} \geq 0, \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{2}} \geq 0, \quad \lambda h \geq 0, \quad h \geq 0, \quad \lambda \geq 0$ |
| Option B: | $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{1}}=0, \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{2}}=0, \quad \lambda h=0, \quad h \leq 0, \quad \lambda \geq 0$ |
| Option C: | $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{1}}=0, \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{2}}=0, \quad \lambda h \geq 0, \quad h \leq 0, \quad \lambda \leq 0$ |
| Option D: | $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{1}} \geq 0, \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{2}} \geq 0, \quad \lambda h \geq 0, \quad h \geq 0, \quad \lambda=0$ |
| 19. | In a non-linear programming problem, |
| Option A: | All the constraints should be linear |
| Option B: | All the constraints should be non-linear |


| Option C: | Either the objective function or atleast one of the constraints should be non-linear |
| :---: | :--- |
| Option D: | The objective function and all constraints should be linear. |
|  |  |
| 20. | Pick the non-linear constraint |
| Option A: | $x y+y \geq 7$ |
| Option B: | $2 x-y \leq 5$ |
| Option C: | $x+y \leq 6$ |
| Option D: | $x+2 y=9$ |

## Subjective/descriptive questions

| Q2 <br> (20 Marks ) | Solve any Four out of Six5 marks each |
| :---: | :--- |
| A | In an exam taken by 800 candidates, the average and standard deviation of <br> marks obtained (normally distributed) are $40 \%$ and $10 \%$ respectively. What <br> should be the minimum score if 350 candidates are to be declared as passed |
| B | If A $=\left[\begin{array}{lll}2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2\end{array}\right]$, By using Cayley-Hamilton theorem find the matrix <br> represented by $A^{8}-5 A^{7}+7 A^{6}-3 A^{5}+A^{4}-5 A^{3}+8 A^{2}+2 A+I$ |
| C | Evaluate the following integral using Cauchy-Residue theorem. <br> $I=\int_{C} \frac{z^{2}+3 z}{\left(z+\frac{1}{4}\right)^{2}(z-2)} d z$ where c is the circle $\left\|z-\frac{1}{2}\right\|=1$ |
| D | Obtain inverse z-transform $\frac{z+2}{z^{2}-2 z-3}, \quad 1<\|z\|<3$ |


| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Q3 } \\ \text { (20 Marks ) } \end{gathered}$ | Solve any Four out of Six5 marks each |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | When the first proof of 392 pages of a book of 1200 pages were read, the distribution of printing mistakes were found to be as follows. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No of <br> mistakes in <br> page (X)  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|  | No. of pages (f) | 275 | 72 | 30 | 7 | 5 |


| B | Show that the matrix $\left[\begin{array}{crc}4 & 6 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & -5 & -2\end{array}\right]$ is not diagonalizable. |
| :---: | :---: |
| C | If $f(z)=\frac{z-1}{(z-3)(z+1)}$ obtain Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions of $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})$ in the domain $\|z\|<1 \& 1<\|z\|<3$ respectively. |
| D | If $f(k)=\frac{1}{2^{k}} * \frac{1}{3^{k}} \quad$ find $z\{f(k)\}, k \geq 0$ |
| E | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Solve using dual simplex method } \\ & \text { Minimize } z=2 x_{1}+2 x_{2}+4 x_{3} \\ & \\ & 2 x_{1}+3 x_{2}+5 x_{3} \geq 2 \\ & \text { Subject to } 3 x_{1}+x_{2}+7 x_{3} \leq 3 \\ & \\ & \\ & x_{1}+4 x_{2}+6 x_{3} \leq 5 \\ & \\ & x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3} \geq 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| F | Solve following NLPP using Kuhn-Tucker method <br> Maximize $z=2 x_{1}^{2}-7 x_{2}^{2}-16 x_{1}+2 x_{2}+12 x_{1} x_{2}+7$ <br> Subject to $2 x_{1}+5 x_{2} \leq 105$ $x_{1}, x_{2} \geq 0$ |

Standard Normal Distribution Table


| $z$ | . 00 | . 01 | . 02 | . 03 | 04 | . 06 | . 06 | 07 | 08 | . 09 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.0 | . 000 | . 00 | . 00 | . 01 | . 0100 | . 0199 | . 0239 | . 0279 | . 0319 | . 0359 |
| 0.1 | . 03 | . 0438 | . 0478 | . 0517 | . 0557 | . 0696 | . 0636 | 0575 | . 0714 | . 0753 |
| 0.2 | 0793 | . 0832 | . 0871 | . 091 | . 094 | . 088 | . 1026 | . 1054 | . 1103 | . 1141 |
| 0.3 | . 1179 | . 1217 | . 1255 | . 1293 | . 1331 | . 1368 | . 1406 | . 1443 | . 1480 | . 1517 |
| 0.4 | . 1554 | . 1591 | . 1628 | . 1664 | . 1700 | . 1736 | . 1772 | . 1808 | . 1844 | . 1879 |
| 0.5 | . 1915 | . 1950 | 1985 | 2019 | . 2054 | . 2088 | . 2123 | 2157 | . 2190 | . 2224 |
| 0.6 | 225 | . 229 | . 232 | 23 | . 23 | . 242 | . 2454 | 2486 | 2517 | . 2549 |
| 0. | 258 | . 261 | . 2642 | 2673 | 2704 | . 27 | . 276 | 279 | . 2823 | . 2852 |
| 0.8 | 288 | . 291 | . 2939 | 2967 | 2995 | . 3023 | . 3051 | . 3078 | . 310 | . 3133 |
| 0.9 | . 315 | . 318 | . 3212 | . 32 | . 32 | . 328 | . 3315 | . 3340 | . 3365 | . 3389 |
| 1.0 | 3413 | . 3438 | . 3461 | 3485 | . 3508 | . 3531 | . 3554 | 3577 | . 3599 | . 3621 |
| 1.1 | . 364 | . 36 | . 3681 | 370 | . 37 | . 3 | . 377 | . 37 | . 38 | . 3830 |
| 1.2 | -3849 | . 3805 | . 388 | . 390 | . 3925 | . 39 | . 396 | . 3980 | . 39 | . 4015 |
| 1.3 | 4032 | 404 | . 4066 | A082 | . 4099 | . 411 | . 4131 | A147 | . 410 | . 4177 |
| 1.4 | A192 | . 4207 | . 4222 | A236 | . 425 | . 426 | . 4279 | A292 | . 430 | . 4319 |
| 1.5 | A332 | . 4345 | . 4357 | A370 | .438) | . 439 | . 4006 | . 4418 | . 4429 | . 44 |
| 1.6 | 445 | . 446 | . 447 | A4 | A49 | . 45 | . 451 | 45 | . 453 | . 4545 |
| 1.7 | . 4554 | . 456 | . 457 | A58 | . 459 | . 459 | . 46 | 46 | . 462 | . 4633 |
| 1.8 | A6 | . 4649 | . 4656 | A66 | 4671 | . 4678 | . 4686 | . 4693 | . 4699 | 06 |
| 1.9 | . 4713 | . 4719 | . 472 | . 4 | AT3 | . 474 | . 4750 | . 47 | . 47 | . 4767 |
| 2.0 | A772 | AT78 | . 47 | A788 | . 4793 | . 479 | . 8803 | . 480 | . 4812 | . 4817 |
| 2.1 | A82 | A | . 4830 | A83 | 48 |  | . 8846 | A850 | . 4854 | 57 |
| 2.2 | A86 | . 48 | . 4 | 4871 | . 487 | . 48 | . 48 | A 83 | . 48 | 890 |
| 2.3 | A | . 4890 | . 4898 | A901 | . 490 | . 4906 | . 4909 | . 4911 | . 4913 | 16 |
| 2.4 | . 4918 | . 4920 | . 4922 | 92 | 492 | . 492 | . 493 | A932 | . 49 | 36 |
| 2.5 | A93 | . 49 | . 49 | . 4943 | 4945 | . 4 | . 49 | 491 | . 4951 | 4932 |
| 2.6 | A9 | . 495 | . 496 |  | . 495 |  | . 4961 |  | . 4963 | 4964 |
| 2.7 | A965 | . 4900 | . 4967 | A968 | . 4909 | . 4970 | . 4971 | . 4972 | . 4973 | . 4974 |
| 2.8 | A974 | . 4975 | . 497 | . 497 | . 497 | . 49 | . 497 | A979 | . 49 | . 4981 |
| 2.9 | A9 | . 4982 | . 4982 | A 4983 | 4984 | . 4984 | . 4985 | . 4985 | . 4985 | . 4986 |
| 3.0 | 4987 | . 4987 | . 4987 | 4988 | . 498 | . 4988 | . 4989 | A 4985 | . 4990 | . 4990 |
| 3.1 | A9 | 4991 | . 4991 | A99 | 499 | . 498 | . 4992 | A992 | A993 | 4993 |
| 3.2 | 4993 | . 4993 | . 4994 | 4994 | 994 | . 4994 | . 4994 | 4995 | . 4995 | . 4996 |
| 3.3 | . 4995 | . 4995 | .4996 | A99 | . 499 | . 498 | . 4996 | 4996 | . 4996 | . 4997 |
| 3.4 | A 4997 | . 4997 | . 4997 | A997 | . 499 | . 498 | . 4997 | . 4997 | . 4997 | . 499 |
| 3.5 | A998 | . 4998 | . 4998 | A998 | . 4998 | . 4998 | . 4998 | 4998 | . 4998 | . 4998 |

## t-Distribution Table



The shadod aron is oqual to $\alpha$ for $t-t_{a}$.

| df | t. 100 | t.aso | t,008 | $t$.mo | $t_{\text {tms }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3.078 | 6.314 | 12.706 | 31.821 | 63.657 |
| 2 | 1.886 | 2.920 | 4.303 | 6.965 | 9.92\% |
| 3 | 1.638 | 2.353 | 3.182 | 4.541 | 5.841 |
| 4 | 1.533 | 2.132 | 2.776 | 3.747 | 4.604 |
| 5 | 1.476 | 2.015 | 2.571 | 3.365 | 4.032 |
| 6 | 1.440 | 1.943 | 2.447 | 3.143 | 3.707 |
| 7 | 1.415 | 1.895 | 2365 | 2.998 | 3.499 |
| 8 | 1.397 | 1.860 | 2.306 | 2.896 | 3.355 |
| 9 | 1.383 | 1.833 | 2.262 | 2.821 | 3.250 |
| 10 | 1.372 | 1.812 | 2.228 | 2.764 | 3.169 |
| 11 | 1.363 | 1.796 | 2.201 | 2.718 | 3.106 |
| 12 | 1.306 | 1.782 | 2.179 | 2.681 | 3.055 |
| 13 | 1.350 | 1.771 | 2160 | 2.650 | 3.012 |
| 14 | 1.345 | 1.761 | 2.145 | 2.624 | 2.977 |
| 15 | 1.341 | 1.753 | 2131 | 2.602 | 2.947 |
| 16 | 1.337 | 1.746 | 2.120 | 2.583 | 2.921 |
| 17 | 1.333 | 1.740 | 2.110 | 2.567 | 2.898 |
| 18 | 1.330 | 1.734 | 2101 | 2.552 | 2.878 |
| 19 | 1.328 | 1.729 | 2.093 | 2.539 | 2.861 |
| 20 | 1.325 | 1.725 | 2.086 | 2.528 | 2.845 |
| 21 | 1.323 | 1.721 | 2.080 | 2.518 | 2.831 |
| 22 | 1.321 | 1.717 | 2.074 | 2.508 | 2.819 |
| 23 | 1.319 | 1.714 | 2.069 | 2.500 | 2.807 |
| 24 | 1.318 | 1.711 | 2.064 | 2.492 | 2.797 |
| 25 | 1.316 | 1.708 | 2.060 | 2.485 | 2.787 |
| 26 | 1.315 | 1.706 | 2.056 | 2.479 | 2.779 |
| 27 | 1.314 | 1.703 | 2.052 | 2.473 | 2.771 |
| 28 | 1.313 | 1.701 | 2.048 | 2.467 | 2.763 |
| 29 | 1.311 | 1.699 | 2.045 | 2.462 | 2.756 |
| 30 | 1.310 | 1.697 | 2.042 | 2.457 | 2.750 |
| 32 | 1.309 | 1.694 | 2.037 | 2.449 | 2.738 |
| 34 | 1.307 | 1.691 | 2.032 | 2.441 | 2.728 |
| 36 | 1.306 | 1.688 | 2.028 | 2.434 | 2.719 |
| 38 | 1.304 | 1.686 | 2.024 | 2.429 | 2.712 |
| $\infty$ | 1.282 | 1.645 | 1.960 | 2.326 | 2.576 |

table C: Chi-Squared Distribution Values for Various Right-Tail Probabilities


|  | Right-Tail Probability |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $d f$ | 0.250 | 0.100 | 0.050 | 0.025 | 0.010 | 0.005 | 0.001 |
| 1 | 1.32 | 2.71 | 3.84 | 5.02 | 6.63 | 7.88 | 10.83 |
| 2 | 2.77 | 4.61 | 5.99 | 7.38 | 9.21 | 10.60 | 13.82 |
| 3 | 4.11 | 6.25 | 7.81 | 9.35 | 11.34 | 12.84 | 16.27 |
| 4 | 5.39 | 7.78 | 9.49 | 11.14 | 13.28 | 14.86 | 18.47 |
| 5 | 6.63 | 9.24 | 11.07 | 12.83 | 15.09 | 16.75 | 20.52 |
| 6 | 7.84 | 10.64 | 12.59 | 14.45 | 16.81 | 18.55 | 22.46 |
| 7 | 9.04 | 12.02 | 14.07 | 16.01 | 18.48 | 20.28 | 24.32 |
| 8 | 10.22 | 13.36 | 15.51 | 17.53 | 20.09 | 21.96 | 26.12 |
| 9 | 11.39 | 14.68 | 16.92 | 19.02 | 21.67 | 23.59 | 27.88 |
| 10 | 12.55 | 15.99 | 18.31 | 20.48 | 23.21 | 25.19 | 29.59 |
| 11 | 13.70 | 17.28 | 19.68 | 21.92 | 24.72 | 26.76 | 31.26 |
| 12 | 14.85 | 18.55 | 21.03 | 23.34 | 26.22 | 28.30 | 32.91 |
| 13 | 15.98 | 19.81 | 22.36 | 24.74 | 27.69 | 29.82 | 34.53 |
| 14 | 17.12 | 21.06 | 23.68 | 26.12 | 29.14 | 31.32 | 36.12 |
| 15 | 18.25 | 22.31 | 25.00 | 27.49 | 30.58 | 32.80 | 37.70 |
| 16 | 19.37 | 23.54 | 26.30 | 28.85 | 32.00 | 34.27 | 39.25 |
| 17 | 20.49 | 24.77 | 27.59 | 30.19 | 33.41 | 35.72 | 40.79 |
| 18 | 21.60 | 25.99 | 28.87 | 31.53 | 34.81 | 37.16 | 42.31 |
| 19 | 22.72 | 27.20 | 30.14 | 32.85 | 36.19 | 38.58 | 43.82 |
| 20 | 23.83 | 28.41 | 31.41 | 34.17 | 37.57 | 40.00 | 45.32 |
| 25 | 29.34 | 34.38 | 37.65 | 40.65 | 44.31 | 46.93 | 52.62 |
| 30 | 34.80 | 40.26 | 43.77 | 46.98 | 50.89 | 53.67 | 59.70 |
| 40 | 45.62 | 51.80 | 55.76 | 59.34 | 63.69 | 66.77 | 73.40 |
| 50 | 56.33 | 63.17 | 67.50 | 71.42 | 76.15 | 79.49 | 86.66 |
| 60 | 66.98 | 74.40 | 79.08 | 83.30 | 88.38 | 91.95 | 99.61 |
| 70 | 77.58 | 85.53 | 90.53 | 95.02 | 100.4 | 104.2 | 112.3 |
| 80 | 88.13 | 96.58 | 101.8 | 106.6 | 112.3 | 116.3 | 124.8 |
| 90 | 98.65 | 107.6 | 113.1 | 118.1 | 124.1 | 128.3 | 137.2 |
| 100 | 109.1 | 118.5 | 124.3 | 129.6 | 135.8 | 140.2 | 149.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## University of Mumbai

Examination 2021 under cluster _ (Lead College: $\qquad$ )
Examinations Commencing from 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ June 2021 to $10^{\text {th }}$ June 2021
Program: S.E.(Computer Engineering)
Curriculum Scheme: Rev-2019 'C' Scheme
Examination: S.E. Semester IV
Course Code: CSC401 Course Name: Engineering Mathematics IV
Time: 2 hour
Max. Marks: 80

| Question <br> Number | Correct Option <br> (Enter either ' $A$ ' or ' $B$ ' or ' $C$ ' or ' $D$ ') |
| :---: | :---: |
| Q1. | A |
| Q2. | B |
| Q3. | C |
| Q4 | C |
| Q5 | A |
| Q6 | B |
| Q7 | D |
| Q8. | C |
| Q9. | D |
| Q10. | D |
| Q11. | A |
| Q12. | A |
| Q13. | C |
| Q14. | B |
| Q15. | C |
| Q16. | D |
| Q17. | A |
| Q18. | B |
| Q19. | C |
| Q20. | A |

