

K. J. Somaiya Institute of Engineering and Information Technology, Sion, Mumbai-22
(Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

End Semester Exam

Nov – Dec 2021

(B.Tech.) Program: **Computer Engineering**

Examination: TY Semester: V

Course Code: **1UCEC504** and Course Name: **Data Warehousing and Mining**

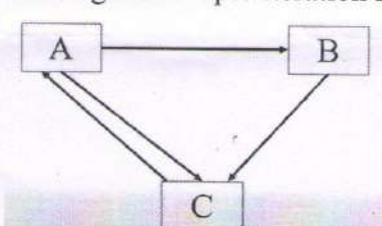
Duration: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions:

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Draw neat diagrams wherever applicable.
- (3) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

		Max. Marks	CO	BT level
Q 1	Solve any six questions out of eight:	12		
i)	Define Market basket analysis. What do you mean by Frequent Pattern Mining?	2	CO3, CO4	U
ii)	Compare Star Schema and Snowflake Schema.	2	CO1	U
iii)	Draw OLAP cube Slice operation with suitable example.	2	CO1	U
iv)	Differentiate Web content mining and Web structure mining (4 points)	2	CO5	U
v)	What are the issues in data mining? (any 4 issues)	2	CO2	U
vi)	Define Clustering and Classification. List two algorithms for each.	2	CO3,CO4	U
vii)	What do you mean by Data Mining task primitives?	2	CO2	U
viii)	What are the types of distances uses in Clustering? Write formula with examples.	2	CO3,CO4	U
Q.2	Solve any four questions out of six.	16		

i)	Calculate the Hubs and Authority score using HITS algorithm for k=3. The adjacency matrix is $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	4	CO5	Ap
ii)	Suppose the data for clustering is {2, 4, 10, 12, 3, 20, 30, 11, 25, 5, 36, 41, 14}. Assuming number of clusters to be 2 i.e. K = 2, cluster the given data using k-means clustering algorithm.	4	CO3,CO4	U
iii)	Explain slowly changing dimensions with example.	4	CO1	U
iv)	Draw KDD process and explain pre-processing steps.	4	CO2	U
v)	Explain classification using Decision tree induction considering Entropy & Information Gain.	4	CO3,CO4	U
vi)	With suitable example illustrate the Apriori principle.	4	CO3,CO4	U
Q.3	Solve any two questions out of three.	16		
i)	Consider a Data warehouse for a sport manufacturing company storing sales details of various sports equipment sold and the time of the sale. Create a cube and describe following OLAP operations i) Rollup ii) Drill down iii) Slice iv) Dice and v) Pivot	8	CO1	Ap
ii)	Compute the page rank for the given graph by using page rank algorithm upto iteration 2. 	8	CO5	Ap
iii)	Draw and explain in detail Data Mining Architecture.	8	CO2	U
Q.4	Solve any two questions out of three.	16		

i)	<table border="1" data-bbox="300 275 975 757"> <thead> <tr> <th>PATIENT</th> <th>DISEASE</th> <th>SUGAR LEVEL</th> <th>SURVIVAL CHANCES</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Small</td><td>Serious</td><td>High</td><td>Yes</td></tr> <tr><td>Medium</td><td>Normal</td><td>Low</td><td>Yes</td></tr> <tr><td>Senior</td><td>Lifetime</td><td>Normal</td><td>Yes</td></tr> <tr><td>Small</td><td>Lifetime</td><td>High</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr><td>Small</td><td>Normal</td><td>High</td><td>Yes</td></tr> <tr><td>Senior</td><td>Serious</td><td>Normal</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr><td>Medium</td><td>Serious</td><td>Low</td><td>Yes</td></tr> <tr><td>Senior</td><td>Normal</td><td>Low</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr><td>Medium</td><td>Lifetime</td><td>Normal</td><td>Yes</td></tr> <tr><td>Medium</td><td>Serious</td><td>High</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr><td>Senior</td><td>Normal</td><td>Low</td><td>No</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="268 792 1043 936"> Using the given training dataset classify the above tuples using Naïve Bayes algorithm: <PATIENT: Senior, DISEASE: Normal, SUGAR LEVEL: Normal </p>	PATIENT	DISEASE	SUGAR LEVEL	SURVIVAL CHANCES	Small	Serious	High	Yes	Medium	Normal	Low	Yes	Senior	Lifetime	Normal	Yes	Small	Lifetime	High	No	Small	Normal	High	Yes	Senior	Serious	Normal	No	Medium	Serious	Low	Yes	Senior	Normal	Low	No	Medium	Lifetime	Normal	Yes	Medium	Serious	High	No	Senior	Normal	Low	No	8	CO3, CO4	Ap
PATIENT	DISEASE	SUGAR LEVEL	SURVIVAL CHANCES																																																	
Small	Serious	High	Yes																																																	
Medium	Normal	Low	Yes																																																	
Senior	Lifetime	Normal	Yes																																																	
Small	Lifetime	High	No																																																	
Small	Normal	High	Yes																																																	
Senior	Serious	Normal	No																																																	
Medium	Serious	Low	Yes																																																	
Senior	Normal	Low	No																																																	
Medium	Lifetime	Normal	Yes																																																	
Medium	Serious	High	No																																																	
Senior	Normal	Low	No																																																	
ii)	<p data-bbox="268 965 1043 1182"> Consider a database, D, consisting of 8 transactions. Use this table to show the implementation of k-means algorithm together with Euclidean distance function. Use $K=3$ and suppose A1, B1 and C1 are selected as the center of each cluster. Show three cluster centers after first and second round of execution only. </p> <table border="1" data-bbox="352 1216 963 1554"> <thead> <tr> <th>Individual</th> <th>Variable1</th> <th>Variable2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>A1</td><td>2</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>A2</td><td>2</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>A3</td><td>8</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>B1</td><td>5</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>B2</td><td>7</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>B3</td><td>6</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>C1</td><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>C2</td><td>4</td><td>9</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Individual	Variable1	Variable2	A1	2	10	A2	2	5	A3	8	4	B1	5	8	B2	7	5	B3	6	4	C1	1	2	C2	4	9	8	CO3, CO4	Ap																					
Individual	Variable1	Variable2																																																		
A1	2	10																																																		
A2	2	5																																																		
A3	8	4																																																		
B1	5	8																																																		
B2	7	5																																																		
B3	6	4																																																		
C1	1	2																																																		
C2	4	9																																																		

iii)

Use the Apriori to algorithm to identify the frequent item-sets in the following database. Then extract the strong association rules from these sets. Min. Support = 30% Min. Confidence=75%

TID	Items
01	A, B, D, E, F
02	B, C, E
03	A, B, D, E
04	A, B, D, E
05	A, B, C, D, E, F
06	B, C, D
07	A, B, D, E

8

CO3, CO4

3