

comp/IT/AIDS.
(16)

K. J. Somaiya Institute of Technology, Sion, Mumbai-22
(Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)
Supplementary Examination

Scheme : II

Examination: SY Semester: IV Course Code: CEC401, AIC401, ITC401

Course Name: Applications of Mathematics in Engineering-II

Date of Exam: 23/08/2023

Duration: 2.5 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions:

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Draw neat diagrams wherever applicable.
- (3) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (4) Use of Statistical Tables permitted.

		Max. Marks	CO	BT level
Q 1	Solve any six questions out of eight:	12		
i)	Find the eigenvalues of $A^3 - 3A^2 + A$, where A is $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$	2	1	Ap
ii)	$\int_C (z+1)dz$ where C is the boundary of square whose vertices are $z = 0, z = 1, z = 1+i, z = i$.	2	2	Ap
iii)	Verify whether the Pythagorean theorem is applicable for $u=(-3,-5,-2)$ and $v=(1,2,-3)$	2	3	Ap
iv)	If X is a normal variate with mean 10 and standard deviation 4, find $P(5 \leq X \leq 18)$	2	4	Ap
v)	The mean height of soldiers is 68.22" with variance 10.8". Find the expected number of soldiers in a regiment of 1000 whose height will be more than 6" (Area from $z=0$ to $z=1.15$ is 0.3749)	2	4	Ap
vi)	Convert the following LPP into standard form Maximize $Z = 3x_1 + 4x_2 - 2x_3$ Subject to $6x_1 - 4x_2 \leq 0, 3x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 \geq 11, 4x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 0$	2	5	Ap
vii)	Find the stationary point of the function $z = 2x_1 + x_3 + 3x_2x_3 - x_1^2 - 3x_2^2 - 3x_3^2 + 17$	2	6	Ap
viii)	If A is a square matrix of order 2 with $ A = 1$ then prove that A and A^{-1} have the same eigenvalues.	2	1	Ap

Q.2	Solve any four questions out of six.	16		
i)	For the matrix $= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, prove that $A^{-1} = A^2 - 5A + 9I$	4	1	Ap
ii)	Evaluate $\int_C \frac{2z+3}{z} dz$ where C is (i) the upper half of the circle $ z = 2$ (ii) the lower half of the circle $ z = 2$	4	2	Ap
iii)	If $u = (2, 2, -3), v = (4, 3, -1)$. Find (i) $\ 2u + 3v\ $ (ii) $\frac{(u-v)}{\ u-v\ }$	4	3	Ap
iv)	Solve following Linear programming problems by simplex method. Maximize $z = 7x_1 + 5x_2$, subject to $-x_1 - 2x_2 \geq -6, 4x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 12$	4	5	Ap
v)	Using Lagrange's multipliers, solve the following NLPP Optimise $z = 4x_1 + 8x_2 - x_1^2 - x_2^2$. Subject to $x_1 + x_2 = 2, x_1, x_2 \geq 0$.	4	6	Ap
vi)	A machine is designed to produce insulating washers for electrical devices of average thickness of 0.025 cms. A random sample of 10 washers was found to have average thickness of 0.024 cms., with SD of 0.002 cms. Test the significance of the deviation.	4	4	Ap
Q.3	Solve any two questions out of three.	16		
i)	Find the eigenvalues and eigenvector of $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 10 & 5 \\ -2 & -3 & -4 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$	8	1	Ap
ii)	Evaluate $\int_C \frac{z^2+4}{(z-2)(z+3i)} dz$ where C is the circle (i) $ z + 1 = 2$ (ii) $ z - 2 = 2$	8	2	Ap
iii)	Maximize $z = 10x_1 + 6x_2 + 5x_3$, subject to $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \leq 100, 10x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 600, 2x_1 + 2x_2 + 6x_3 \leq 300, x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$. Use Big M method to solve following LPP	8	5	Ap
Q.4	Solve any two questions out of three.	16		
i)	Let R^4 have the Euclidean inner product. Use Gram-Schmidt process to transform the basis of subspace $\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}$ into orthonormal basis, where	8	3	Ap

	$u_1=(1,1,1,1), u_2=(1,2,4,5), u_3=(1,-3,-4,-2)$			
ii)	<p>The following are the gain in weights of cows fed on two types of diets X and Y.</p> <p>Diet X: 30, 37, 35, 37, 29, 19, 37</p> <p>Diet Y: 29, 39, 27, 35, 47, 37, 45, 35, 37, 40</p> <p>Test at 5% level of significance whether the diets differ as regards their effect on mean increase in weight.</p>	8	4	Ap
iii)	<p>Using Lagrange's multipliers, solve the following NLPP</p> <p>Optimise $z = 4x_1^2 - x_2^2 - x_3^2 - 4x_1x_2$. Subject to $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 15$, $2x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = 20, x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$.</p>	8	6	Ap
