

K. J. Somaiya Institute of Technology, Sion, Mumbai-22
(Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

May June 2024 B. Tech Program: Computer Engineering Scheme : II B Examination: SY Semester: IV Course Code: CEC404 and Course Name: OPERATING SYSTEM Date: 21/5/24 Duration: 2.5 Hours Max. Marks: 60				
Instructions: (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Draw neat diagrams wherever applicable. (3) Assume suitable data, if necessary.				
		Max. Marks	CO	BT level
Q 1	Solve any six questions out of eight:	12		
i)	State the functions of the operating system?	2	CO1	U
ii)	Explain the significance of fork () and wait () system calls?	2	CO1	U
iii)	Compare process and threads.	2	CO2	U
iv)	State the Principles of Concurrency.	2	CO3	U
v)	State the necessary conditions for Deadlock.	2	CO4	U
vi)	Explain any two types of file sharing methods.	2	CO4	U
vii)	Draw a neat and labeled diagram of segmentation.	2	CO5	U
viii)	Define Seek time and Transfer time.	2	CO6	U
Q.2	Solve any four questions out of six.	16		
i)	Differentiate between Microkernel and Monolithic architecture of operating system.	4	CO1	U
ii)	Draw and explain the Process Life cycle.	4	CO2	U
iii)	Explain Inter-Process Communication with various methods used.	4	CO3	U
iv)	Given Logical address space = 4GB, physical address space = 64MB and page size = 4KB. Find out the number of pages, number of frames, and number of entries in the page table and size of the page table.	4	CO4	A
v)	Explain File directories with the help of an example.	4	CO5	U
vi)	Explain C-LOOK disk scheduling algorithm using an example	4	CO6	U
Q.3	Solve any two questions out of three.	16		
i)	Given 6 processes with their Arrival Time and Burst Time as follows. Calculate Average Waiting Time and Average Turnaround	8	CO2	An

	<p>Time for FCFS (Non-Preemptive) and Shortest Job First (Preemptive) scheduling algorithm. Compare and justify your results.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>PID</th> <th>ARRIVAL TIME</th> <th>BURST TIME</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P1</td> <td>0</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P2</td> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P3</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P4</td> <td>6</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P5</td> <td>8</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	PID	ARRIVAL TIME	BURST TIME	P1	0	3	P2	2	6	P3	4	4	P4	6	5	P5	8	2																																																						
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ii)	Discuss the concept of semaphore for solving producer consumer problem	8	CO3	Ap																																																																					
iii)	<p>Consider the following snapshot for understanding the banker's algorithm. Calculate the content of the need matrix? Check if the system is in a safe state? Determine the total sum of each type of resource?</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">PROCESS</th> <th colspan="3">ALLOCATION</th> <th colspan="3">MAX</th> <th colspan="3">AVAILABLE</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td>3</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P1</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>P2</td> <td>4</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>9</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>P3</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td>0</td> <td>7</td> <td>5</td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>P4</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	PROCESS	ALLOCATION			MAX			AVAILABLE			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	P0	1	1	2	4	3	3	2	1	0	P1	2	1	2	3	2	2				P2	4	0	1	9	0	2				P3	0	2	0	7	5	3				P4	1	1	2	1	1	2				8	CO4	Ap
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i)	Analyze the Dining philosopher's problem and suggest an appropriate solution for the same.	8	CO4	An																																																																					
ii)	Consider following reference string 3,8,2,3,9,1,6,3,8,9,3,6,2,1,3 Determine the number of page hits and page faults using FIFO and LRU replacement algorithms. Frame size=5	8	CO5	Ap																																																																					
iii)	On a disk with 200 cylinders numbered 0 to 199, assume read write head at track 67, the queue in FIFO order contains request for the following tracks: 84,147,113,74,48,185,22,50 Calculate the total overhead movement (total distance covered by the disk arm) using FCFS, SSTF and SCAN disk scheduling algorithms.	8	CO6	Ap																																																																					
