

Trimester: January - April 2024 Examination: End term Examination			
Program code: 01 Program: MBA-Finance	Class: SY	Trimester: VI (SVU 2023)	
Name of the Constituent College: K. J. Somaiya Institute of Management	Name of the department/Section/Centre: Finance & Law		
Course Code: 217P01C605	Name of the Course: Wealth and Personal Tax planning		

Section A

Maximum Marks: 25

Date: 27th March 2024

Instructions: -

- 1. Answer Section A (Wealth Management) and Section B (Tax Planning) in separate booklets.
- 2. Attempt question 1 which is compulsory and attempt ANY TWO more questions.

Question No.			Max. Marks
Q 1	a) Prepare a Cashflow Statement and a Net Worth Statement for Ms. Roopa		4
	Category	Amount (₹ '00)	marks
	Laptop	4700	
	Value of stock investment	1720	
	Credit card balance	470	
	Restaurant spending	260	
	Monthly take home salary	3900	
	Savings account balance	4680	
	Spending for food	690	
	Rent for the month	1300	
	Current value of automobile	15600	
	Clothing purchase	220	
	Balance of educational loan	4320	
	Loan payment	160	
	Auto Insurance	460	
	House hold possession	6800	
	Payment for electricity	180	
	Lunches/ parking at work	360	
	Donations	140	
	Home Computer	3000	
	Telephone bill paid for month	130	
	b) Using the above data, calculate Debt payments ratio	o and liquidity ratio	3
	c) How do you ascertain the risk profile of the client?		marks
			2

		marks
Q2	 Answer the following questions by showing the working as to what is taken as PV, FV, period and so on. Since you cannot complete the answer without a excel application, indicate the first answer as 'A'. If this answer has to used for a subsequent calculation, carry over as A and name the resultant answer as B and so on. A) Sanjeev has to accumulate money to buy a car worth Rs. 560000 after 4 years. He wishes to invest money at the beginning of every quarter for the first 3 years and he cannot save any more money after that. Calculate the amount of saving required every quarter if the rate of return on investments is 14.25% pa. B) Ms Sanjana is 40 years old and will retire at 65. Life expectancy is 80 years. She will require Rs.25000 in the first month after retirement. Inflation is 4% 	(4 marks each)
Q3	pa. And rate of return is 7% pa. What is the corpus required to meet the expenses after retirement?A) What are the services provided under the Wealth Management vertical of a	8
	bank? B) Explain the various clauses in a WILL	marks
Q4	 Write Short Notes on ANY TWO A) Discuss the concept of mis-selling. B) Rupee Cost Averaging C) EEE benefit of various types Provident Funds 	8 marks

Section **B**

Maximum Marks: 25

Instructions: -

- 1. Answer Section A (Wealth Management) and Section B (Tax Planning) in separate booklets.
- 2. All the questions are compulsory. Working notes should form part of your answer.

Q.1. Mr. Shrikant owns two houses (at Amritsar and Pune). He transfers the following long-term capital assets during 2022-23.

(08)

	Residential House Property at Pune	Gold	Silver
Date of Transfer	10 th April 2022	11 th April 2022	12 th April 2022
Sale Consideration	10,00,000	8,00,000	6,00,000
Indexed Cost of acquisition	4,00,000	7,00,000	2,00,000

	Date of Purchase	Amount Invested
Residential House at Mumbai	11 th October 2022	7,00,000
Bonds of National Highways Authority of	9 th October 2022	2,50,000
India		

Ascertain the amount of capital gain chargeable to tax for the assessment year 2023-24. Can he claim exemption under sections 54, 54EC and 54F? Give reasons for the same. Are there any other / more ways for Mr. Shrikant to save the Capital gain tax? State in detail the information for the same.

Q.2. During the previous year 2022-23, Mr. Shubham is employed by a pharmaceutical company situated at Kanpur. He receives the following from his employer: (09)

1. Basic salary Rs. 34000 per month

2. Dearness allowance -30% of Basic salary (40% is considered for calculating retirement benefits)

3. Dearness pay Rs.5000 per month (nothing is considered for retirement benefits)

4. Fixed commission Rs.4000 per month

5. Commission as an incentive -5% of turnover and extra commission of 2% if annual turnover exceeds Rs.15,00,000.

6. House Rent allowance Rs.15000 per month (Rent paid Rs.17000 per month)

7. Employer's contribution towards recognised provident fund Rs.5400 per month

8. Interest credited in PF account Rs.56000 - Rate of interest 11% pa

9. Mr. Shubham has been provided with health club facility by his employer. The expenditure incurred by the employer is Rs.7000 per month.

10.Mr. Shubham contributes Rs.5500 per month towards Recognised Provident Fund. In addition, he contributed Rs.70000 on 11th March 2023.

11. Income of Mr. Shubham from other sources is Rs.125000.

Determine the net income and tax liability (Old tax regime) of Mr. Shubham for the assessment year 2023-24 on the assumption that monthly turnover achieved by Mr. Shubham is Rs.100000.

Slab rate	Tax rate
Up to 250000	Nil
250000 to 500000	5%
500000 to 1000000	20%
Above 1000000	30%

Q.3. For the assessment year 2023-24, Mr. Prathamesh submits the following information:

PARTICULARS	HOUSE 1	HOUSE 2
Fair Rent	3,50,000	3,20,000
Municipal Valuation	3,60,000	3,50,000
Standard Rent	4,00,000	4,00,000
Actual Rent	4,50,000	4,20,000
Municipal Taxes paid by owner	40,000	50,000
Interest on capital borrowed by mortgaging house	1,40,000	
1 (Funds are used for construction of House 2)		
Nature of occupation	Let out for	Let out for
	Residence	Business
Interest on Fixed deposits earned by him during		Rs. 7,25,000
the year		

Determine the taxable income and tax liability of Mr. Prathamesh for the assessment year 2023-24 assuming, that he deposits Rs.140000 in the PPF and invests Rs.50000 in NSC. (08)