

# SOMAIYA VIDYAVIHAR UNIVERSITY

Dr. Shantilal K. Somaiya School of Commerce and Business Studies

## **QUESTION PAPERS**

BRANCH: Bachelor of Business Management	SEM: I
	NOV/DEC-2024

Sr. No.	Subject	Available
1.	BCSSD	
2.	Fundamental of Technical Skills	
3.	231U061101 – Business Economics	
4.	231U06C102 – Corporate Accounting	
5.	131U06C104 – Business Statistics	
6.	131U06C203 – Principles of Marketing	
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		







	ester: ATKT DECE			
Programme code: 06 Programme: BBM	ammation. ESE Ex	Т	lass: FY	Semester: I (SVU 2020)
Name of the Constituent College: S K Somaiya College	Name of the department/Section/Center Business Studies			Section/Center:
Course Code:BCSSD	Name of the Cour	se:1	FYBBM	
Instructions: 1) Q1 is Compulsory. part of your answer	Q2-Q4 has interna	l op	tions 2) Work	ing notes should form

Quai on No.		Max. Marks
Q.1.	A) Describe the skills evaluated during a Group Discussion. Who are the panellists in a Group Discussion? Explain the process of conducting a Group Discussion and highlight its importance in the recruitment and selection process.	15
	OR	
	B) Provide examples of effective time management techniques. List and explain tips for managing time effectively in a professional environment. Discuss the benefits of time management to a business organization.	
Q.3.	A) Explain the causes of stress in organizations. "Stress can be a monster for business productivity." Justify this statement with examples and explain how organizations can manage stress to enhance productivity	(8+7)
	OR	
	B) Differentiate between Verbal and Nonverbal Communication. Enumerate upon key essentials of effective communication in a business context?	
	A) Illustrate the communication process with the help of a diagram. Discuss the seven C's of communication and how they contribute to effective business communication.	(8+7)
	OR	
	B) Write a formal business letter based on the following scenario: You are the Manager of a company and need to inform a client about the delay in the delivery of a product due to unforeseen circumstances. Apologize and reassure them about the new delivery schedule.	
	C) Discuss how effective teamwork contributes to achieving organizational	

goals. What are the essential characteristics required for building an effective team in the workplace?

ABC Enterprises is a multinational company that manufactures consumer electronics. The company has recently expanded into new markets and is focused on improving internal communication among its teams to enhance productivity, streamline operations, and foster a positive work culture.

The management team at ABC Enterprises has observed that there are several communication challenges within the organization. These challenges include miscommunication during meetings, unclear emails, misunderstandings in cross-departmental collaborations, and increasing levels of stress among employees. As part of their strategy to address these issues, they are organizing a series of workshops and training sessions to improve business communication and soft skills.

Scenario: In one of the recent team meetings, the Marketing Department and the Production Department met to discuss a new product launch. However, there was significant confusion about the product features and the launch timeline. During the meeting, the manager from the Marketing team, Mr. Ravi, appeared tense and used defensive gestures such as crossing his arms and avoiding eye contact when discussing issues. Meanwhile, the head of the Production team, Ms. Priya, was nodding her head frequently but not paying full attention to the discussion, and later admitted she hadn't fully understood the new marketing strategy.

Post-meeting feedback revealed that employees in both departments felt stressed due to a lack of clarity in the communication process. Additionally, the production team was unsure about the final product specifications, and the marketing team did not feel their concerns were being acknowledged.

In response to these issues, the company decided to focus on the following:

- 1. Enhancing business communication across departments.
- 2. Fostering better listening skills and effective communication practices.
- 3.Improving gesture and posture during meetings to avoid misunderstandings.
- 4. Promoting professional etiquette and stress management techniques.

Answer the following Questions Based on the Case Study:

- 1.Based on the scenario, explain how clear business communication could have prevented the confusion during the product launch meeting. (2Marks)
- 2.Refer to the case study where Mr. Ravi's posture (crossing his arms) and lack of eye contact were noted. Discuss how his non-verbal behavior may have affected communication within the team. (3Marks)
- 3. After reviewing the case study, identify two characteristics of communication that could have improved the outcome of the meeting. (1Mark)
- 4.In the scenario, Ms. Priya nodded but admitted to not fully understanding the marketing strategy. Explain how this relates to the difference between listening and hearing. (2Marks)

- 5. Suppose Mr. Ravi from the Marketing Department needs to apologize for the communication breakdown and clarify the marketing strategy to the Production Department. What type of letter would he write, and why? (2Marks)
- 6.Reflecting on the case study, discuss two professional etiquettes that could have improved the interaction between the departments and reduced stress levels (2Marks)
- 7. The case study mentions growing stress among employees. Identify two signs of stress that may have been evident in the scenario, and explain how they can be managed. (2Marks)
- 8. Given the issues raised in the case study, what are two of the "C's" of team building that could help improve collaboration and communication between the Marketing and Production teams? (1Mark)



### Semester (August 2024 to November 2023)

Examination: End Semester Examination October 2024 (UG Programmes)

Programme code:06/07

Programme: BBM/BBA

Class: FY

Semester: I

Name of the Constituent College: S K Somaiya College

Name of the Department: Business

Studies

Course Code:

Name of the Course: Fundamental of technical skills

Duration: 1:30 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 40

Technical Skills For Business

Instructions: 1)Draw neat diagrams 2)Assume suitable data if necessary

Questi	Answer the questions below.	Max.	CO
on No.		Marks	Attainmen
Q.1A.	Explain URL structure, http connection and cookies	10	CO2
	OR		
Q.1.A	Define computer and its functions	10	CO1
Q.2.A	Explain the steps to carry out a database function for finding VLOOKUP and HLOOKUP of a certain set of numbers .	10	CO3
	OR		
Q.2.A.	Explain the steps to carry out a database function for finding DVAR and DMAX of a certain set of numbers	10	CO3
Q.3.A.	Define ERP . What are the benefits of using ERP ?	10	CO4
	OR		
Q.3.A.	Draw and explain in detail the concept of Batch processing	10	CO2
Q.4.A.	Explain the concept of minicomputers with the help of diagram in detail	10	CO4
	OR		
Q.4.B.	What is AI ? Explain with the help of examples	10	CO4



### Semester (July 2024 to November 2024)

Examination: End Semester Examination November 2024 (UG Programmes)

Programme code: 06
Programme: BBM

Name of the Constituent College: S K Somaiya College
Name of the Department: Business
Studies

Course Code: 231U061101

Name of the Course: Business Economics

Duration: 2 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions: 1)Draw neat diagrams 2) Assume suitable data if necessary

Question		Max.	СО
No.		Marks	Attainment
Q.1.	Read the given case study and answer the questions:		
	Savori is a startup that plans to launch a premium line of		
	handcrafted chocolates, targeting affluent consumers who		
	value quality, exclusivity, and sustainability. The brand's		
	unique selling point is rare cocoa beans and artisanal		
	production, making it distinct from mass-market chocolate		
	brands. The chocolates are marketed as a symbol of		
	distinction, aiming to attract buyers who are willing to pay a		
	premium for unique, high-quality goods.		
	Savori's production is labour-intensive, requiring skilled		
	artisans and rare ingredients, which leads to costs of factory		
	setup, marketing, etc. and other costs of raw materials and		
	labour. The company's initial focus is on small-scale		
	production, ensuring quality while balancing the need for cost		
	efficiency as it scales up. As production grows, unit costs		
	should decrease, but maintaining quality remains a priority.		
	External factors such as rising cocoa prices and inflation may		
	impact production costs and margins. Savori could mitigate		

	these risks by securing long-term contracts suppliers with or			
	exploring alternative ingredients. Additionally, economic			
	downturns could affect consumer spending, but Savori's			
	strategy of offering chocolates as a luxury product could help			
	sustain demand.			
	QUESTIONS:			
	QA) What types of inflation could affect the sales of Savori			
	chocolates?	05	CO4	
	QB) With reference to Savori chocolates, explain the			
	application of Snob and Veblen Effects in business decision	05	CO1	
	making.			
	QC) Classify the types of costs that Savori would incur while	05	CO2, CO3	
	producing chocolates.			
Q.2.A	Illustrate and explain indifference curve analysis and concept	15	CO1	
	of indifference maps			
	OR			
Q.2.B	A company manufactures and sells customized T-shirts. The	07	CO2	
	following information is provided for the year:			
	• Fixed Costs: ₹3,00,000			
	Variable Cost per T-shirt: ₹150			
	Selling Price per T-shirt: ₹350			
	Calculate the breakeven point in terms of the number of T-			
	shirts the company must sell to cover all its costs.			
	Also explain how the breakeven analysis will help the			
	company in business decision-making.			
Q.2.C	Graphically illustrate Principle of Efficiency and explain it in	08	CO2	
4.2.0	detail			

OR		
Summarize the concept, process and mechanism of investment multiplier	15	CO4
Velocity of money is a key concept to determine money supply in India. Explain factors affecting it.	15	CO3
OR		
There are several motives to hold cash balances by entities in an economy. Elucidate them using the Keynesian Theory of Liquidity Preference.	15	CO4
	Summarize the concept, process and mechanism of investment multiplier  Velocity of money is a key concept to determine money supply in India. Explain factors affecting it.  OR  There are several motives to hold cash balances by entities in an economy. Elucidate them using the Keynesian Theory of	Summarize the concept, process and mechanism of investment multiplier  Velocity of money is a key concept to determine money supply in India. Explain factors affecting it.  OR  There are several motives to hold cash balances by entities in an economy. Elucidate them using the Keynesian Theory of



### Semester (July 2024 to November 2024) Examination: End Semester Examination November 2024 (UG Programmes) Programme code: 06 & 07 Class: Semester: I Programme: BBM & BBA FY Name of the Constituent College: S K Somaiya Name of the Department: Business College Studies Course Code: 231406 0102 Name of the Course: Corporate Accounting Maximum Marks: 60 Duration: 2 Hrs. Instructions: 1)Draw neat diagrams 2)Assume suitable data if necessary

Question		Max.	СО
No.		Mark	Attai
		S	nme
			nt
Q.1. A	Swapna Ltd. issued 60,000 equity shares of Rs. 100 each at a premium of Rs. 20 per share payable as follows:	15	CO1
	On Application: Rs. 20		
	On Allotment: Rs. 50 (including Premium)	17	
	On First Call: Rs. 30		
	On Final Call: Rs. 20		
	Applications were received for 90,000 shares, 60,000 shares allotted to the applicants for 72,000 shares. The remaining applications for 18,000 shares being refused and application money there on was refunded. Excess money received on application was adjusted against allotment.		
	All amounts were duly received except Mr. Farook to whom 2,400 shares were allotted.		
	Farook fails to pay First and Final call. His shares were forfeited and reissued to Mr. Fenil as fully paid at Rs. 80 per share.		
	Journalise the transactions in the books of the company.		
8	OR		

	Schedule III of the Companie						
	Particulars	Rs.		Particulars	Rs.		
	Office Equipment	2,40,300	Gene	ral Reserve	2,07,500		
	9% Debentures in APCO Ltd.	1,22,500	Credit	tors for Goods	84,250		
	Loose Tools	81500	Credit	tors for Expenses	18,000		
	Plant and Machinery	9,00,000 Cash Credit 37			37,500		
	Computer Software	41,625	Morte	gage Loan	1,55,000		
	Debtors for Goods	95,000	95,000 8% Preference Share Capital				
	Share Issue Expense (Unwritten off)	15,000	15,000 Equity Share Capital				
	Store and Spares	50,100	Staff \	Welfare Fund	42,500		
	Interest Accrued on Investment	25,500	25,500 Provision for Taxation		13,275		
		11,500					
	Cash at Bank	11,500					
Q.2. A	The balance sheet of Beetro	ot Ltd. as at			ows:	15	C03
Q.2. A	The balance sheet of Beetro	ot Ltd. as at	e Sheet			15	CO3
Q.2. A	The balance sheet of Beetro	ot Ltd. as at	Rs.	Assets	ows:	15	CO3
Q.2. A	The balance sheet of Beetro	ot Ltd. as at  Balance  ference 1	e Sheet			15	CO3
Q.2. A	The balance sheet of Beetro  Liabilities  6% Redeemable Pref	ot Ltd. as at  Balance ference 1	Rs.	Assets	<b>Rs.</b> 2,64,00	15	CO3
Q.2. A	Liabilities  6% Redeemable Prefishares of Rs.100 each fully  Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	ot Ltd. as at  Balance ference 1 paid ch fully 1	Rs. 1,00,00 0	Assets Fixed Assets	<b>Rs.</b> 2,64,00 0	15	CO3
Q.2. A	Liabilities  6% Redeemable Prefishares of Rs.100 each fully Equity Shares of Rs.10 each paid	ot Ltd. as at  Balance ference 1 paid ch fully 1	Rs. 1,00,00 0 1,80,00 0	Assets Fixed Assets Stock	<b>Rs.</b> 2,64,00 0 44,000	15	CO3
Q.2. A	Liabilities  6% Redeemable Presshares of Rs.100 each fully Equity Shares of Rs.10 each paid  Capital Reserve	ot Ltd. as at  Balance ference 1 paid ch fully 1	Rs. 1,00,00 0 1,80,00 0 10,000	Assets Fixed Assets Stock Debtors	Rs.  2,64,00 0 44,000 30,000	15	CO3
Q.2. A	Liabilities  6% Redeemable Presshares of Rs.100 each fully Equity Shares of Rs.10 each paid  Capital Reserve  Securities Premium	ot Ltd. as at  Balance  Ference 1  paid  ch fully 1	Rs. 1,00,00 0 1,80,00 0 10,000	Assets Fixed Assets Stock Debtors Investments	Rs.  2,64,00 0 44,000 30,000 72,000	15	CO3
Q.2. A	Liabilities  6% Redeemable Prefishares of Rs.100 each fully Equity Shares of Rs.10 each paid  Capital Reserve  Securities Premium  General Reserve	ot Ltd. as at  Balance ference 1 paid ch fully 1	Rs. 1,00,00 0 1,80,00 0 10,000 20,000 40,000	Assets Fixed Assets Stock Debtors Investments	Rs.  2,64,00 0 44,000 30,000 72,000	15	CO3

	For the purpose of redemption, to equity shares of Rs.10 each, at F 2024. These shares were fully surpose that the company sold 75% of the wish that only a minimum reduct The redemption was duly made of Pass journal entries in the book	Rs.12 per sha abscribed and the investmention should be on 30th April, 2	re, payable in full on all cash was collected ts for Rs.52,000. The made in the revenue 2024	15 <sup>th</sup> April, d. e directors e reserves.	Jacob (1985)	Library Library
Q.2. B	Following is the Balance Sheet of	OR Harmont Ltd	Lac on 21st March 20	24	15	602
2. D	Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.	15	CO3
	8,000 8% Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.100 each, fully paid up	8,00,000	Land and Building	15,00,00		
	6,000 7% Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.80 paid up	4,80,000	Plant and Machinery	8,00,000		
	2,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid	20,00,00	Stock	3,00,000		
	Securities Premium	1,00,000	Debtors	6,00,000		
	Revenue Reserve	10,00,00	Investments	4,00,000		
	Current Liabilities	5,40,000	Bank	13,20,00		
	Total	49,20,00 0	Total	49,20,00 0		
	It was decided to redeem both 10%. For this purpose, the compared of the compa	of Equity Share was fully subofit of 10%.  Indeed a control of the	e on 7% Redeemable res of Rs.10 each at a scribed and all monic the shareholders holeced.	e Preference premium of es were dully ding 200, 8%		
3. A.	On 1' April 2017, Mr. Mohandas Best Ltd., cost being 36,400. Best December every year. The follow Mohandas during the year ende debentures.	st Ltd. pays ir wing other tr	nterest on 30th June ransactions were ent	and 31' ered by Mr.	15	CO4

	Date	No. of Debentures	Transaction	Rate		
	1st April, 2017	200	Sale	98 cum- Interest		
	1st October, 2017	200	Purchase	104 ex-		
	1st December, 2017	400	Purchase	97 cum- Interest		
	1st February, 2018	200	Sale	97 ex-Interest		
	Account for the ye	ar ended 31' Ma	ment in 6% debenture rch, 2018, as it would lue of his entire inves	appear in the		
			OR			
Q.3. B.	debentures of Rs 1 2017  January, 1 Openi March, 1 1,000  July, 1 Sold October, 1 Purch November, 1 Sold Interest dates are	ng Balance — Fadebentures purc 2,000 debenture ased 500 debenture 2,000 debenture 3,000 debenture	g details relating to held as current asset ce Value Rs 6,00,000; hased ex-interest at Rs 100 ures at Rs 98 cum-interest at Rs 99. and 31' March. Ms. Astment A/c in the book	Cost Rs 5,90,000 Rs 98.  D. erest. nusaya closes her	15	CO4
Q.4. A.	Evalain the fellowin				45	
ζ. <del>1</del> . Α.	Explain the following				15	600
	a) Write a short not b) Write a short not		CO3			
			urrent assets and non	-current assets?		CO1



	ter: December 2024 Ex KT Examination	amination:	
Programme code: Programme: BBM	C	Class: FY	Semester: I
Name of the Constituent College: S K Somaiya College		Name of the department/S Business Stud	Section/Center:
Course Code: 131U06C104	Name of the Course:	Business Statist	ics
Instructions: 1) Q4 is Compulsory. 2) Working notes shou	Q1-Q3 has internal opti ld form part of your ans		

Question No.											Max. Marks
Q.1	a) Find the mean and mode for the following data that gives the weight distribution of students in a class:									07	
	Weight (in kgs)	51	52	5	53	54	55	56	57	58	
	No. of Students	6	7		7	10	16	13	6	5	
	b) Fin	d coef	ficient	of varia	ance for t	the follow	wing dat	a:			08
	Class Inte	erval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60			
	frequen	су	10	8	12	15	20	5			
	OR  c) Find range and standard deviation: 10,13,17,17,8  d) Draw the Less than Ogive for the following data showing sales of a shop. Hence locate median.									07	
	Sales(in rupees)		0-10		0-20	20-3	20-30			40-50	
0.2	No. of days				5	35		27		13	
Q.2	a) Calculate the coefficient of correlation r from the following data.										
	X 2	2	4	7	9	12		14			
	Y 2	2	8	21	16	11		10			
	b) Con	nstruc nber,	t index (ii) Paa	numbe sche's i	er from the	ne follow mber and	ing data hence (	by (i) La (iii) Fisher	speyre	es index ex number	

		Commod		Price	Quantity (2000)		Price	Quanti	ty		× , **	,
		A		(2000)	8	)	(2001)	(2001)				
		В		5	12	-	6	5	_			
		C		4	15	-	5	10				
		D	-	2	18	-	4	12	_			
					10	0	R	20				
	c)	Find 3 v	aarly m	ovino o								
	Year	Find 3 y	1999		2001	200				2006	2007	
	Produ	ction (in	11						2005	2006	2007	
				16	20	19	25	36	32	40	34	
	thousa	and units)										
		The follo singing c	ompetit									
	Judge	1 1	9	4	2	8	5	7	3	10	6	
	Judge	2 3	10	6	1	8	2	4	5	9	7	
									3	9		
3.	a)	An unbia that	sed dic	e is rolle								15
3.	a) b)	An unbia that	n heigh lard dev be 3 in is 67	e is rolle s odd t obtaine riation o ches. Te	ii) Num ed from f the dis est the st t 5% lev	a ranstribu	s multiple adom san tion of hent that	e of 3 iii	) Numb	oer is < 4	thes.	15
3.	a) b)	An unbia that  i) N  The mea The stand known to populatio	n heigh lard dev be 3 in is 67	e is rolle s odd t obtaine riation o ches. Te	ii) Num ed from f the dis est the st t 5% lev	a ran stribu atem vel of	s multiple adom san tion of hent that	e of 3 iii	) Numb	is 64 inculation i	thes.	15
3.	a) b)	An unbia that  i) N  The mea The stand known to populatio	n heigh lard dev be 3 in n is 67	e is rolle s odd t obtaine riation o ches. Te inches a	ii) Num ed from f the dis est the st t 5% lev opulation	a ranstributatem	s multiple adom san tion of hent that the signification of the significance of the significanc	nple of si eight of the mean ance. Als	) Numb	is 64 inculation i	thes.	15
3.	a) b) .	An unbia that  i) N  The mea The stand known to populatio the mean	n heigh lard dev be 3 in n is 67	e is rolle s odd t obtaine riation o ches. Te inches a	ii) Num ed from f the dis est the st t 5% lev opulation	a ranstributatem	s multiple adom san tion of hent that the signification of the significance of the significanc	nple of si eight of the mean ance. Als	) Numb	is 64 inculation i	thes.	15
3.	a) b)	An unbia that  i) N  The mea The stand known to populatio the mean A random	n heigh lard dev be 3 in n is 67	e is rolle s odd t obtaine riation o ches. Te inches a	ii) Num ed from f the dis est the st t 5% lev opulation	a ranstributatem	s multiple adom san tion of hent that the signification of the significa	apple of si eight of the mean ance. Als	ze 100 he popu height so set up	is 64 inculation i of the p 99% li	thes.	15
3.	a) b) x p(x)	An unbia that  i) N  The mea The stand known to populatio the mean	n heigh lard dev be 3 in n is 67 height o	e is rolled sodd  t obtained riation of the position of the po	ii) Num ed from f the dis est the st t 5% lev pulation  llowing	a ranstributatem	adom santion of hent that the signification of the significant of t	apple of si eight of the mean ance. Als	ze 100 he popu height to set up	is 64 incollation is of the possible 99% li	thes.	15
	a) b)  x  p(x)  Find k,	An unbia that  i) N  The mea The stand known to populatio the mean  A random  (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d	n heigh lard dev be 3 in height of variable V(X).	e is rolled s odd  t obtained viation of the position of the p	ii) Num  ed from f the dis est the st t 5% lev opulation  llowing  2  er claim rd devia a mean of	a ranstributatem vel of proba	s multiple adom san tion of h tent that the signification  OR ability dist  k  at custom of ₹25. H 50 and a	apple of si eight of the mean ance. Als tribution lers spendowever, standard	ze 100 he popu height to set up  4 3k² d an ave a rando deviati	is 64 incollation is of the po 99% li	thes. s mits of	15
4.	a) b)  x  p(x)  Find k,  d) Answer	An unbia that  i) N  The mea The stand known to populatio the mean  A random  (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	n height of the sample wing:	e is rolled sodd  t obtained riation of the position of the po	ii) Num ed from f the dis est the st t 5% lev opulation  llowing  2  er claim rd devia a mean opport the	a ranstributatem vel of proba	s multiple adom san tion of h tent that the signification  OR ability dist  k  at custom of ₹25. H 50 and a	apple of si eight of the mean ance. Als tribution lers spendowever, standard	ze 100 he popu height to set up  4 3k² d an ave a rando deviati	is 64 incollation is of the po 99% li	thes. s mits of	15



# Semester (July 2024 to November 2024) Examination: End Semester Examination November 2024 (UG Programmes) Programme code: 07 Programme: BBM Name of the Constituent College: S K Somaiya College Name of the Department: Business Studies Course Code: 131U06C203 Name of the Course: Principles of Marketing Duration: 2 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60 Instructions: 1)Draw neat diagrams 2)Assume suitable data if necessary

Questi	Max.	CO
on No.	Marks	Attainment
Q.1.  Tata Tea recognized the need to move beyond promoting tea as a beverage and instead engage with a societal issue relevant to their target audience. Through in-depth audience and cultural research, they discovered that young, urban Indians wanted to be more socially conscious and active in political change. Tata Tea's "Jaago Re" ("Wake Up") campaign encouraged youth to vote and fight against corruption, positioning the brand as a catalyst for social awareness. This successful strategy not only boosted their market share but also created strong brand loyalty by connecting with customers' values and emotions.  Questions:  1. Describe how Tata Tea's market research influenced the direction and success of the "Jaago Re" campaign. (7 Marks)  2. How could another beverage brand utilize a similar approach in a different cultural or social context to build	Marks 15	Attainment CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4

100 miles			
Q.2.A	Compare and contrast the 4P's (Product, Price, Place, Promotion) and the 4C's (Customer, Cost, Convenience, Communication) in marketing. How do these frameworks address the customer perspective differently?	15	CO1
	OR		
Q.2.B	If you are an entrepreneur wanting to start a new business, what are the aspects of branding and packaging would you consider?	15	CO2
Q.3.A.	Product research is a key area of marketing research and requires careful consideration. Explain the areas and techniques of conducting it.	15	CO3
	OR		
Q.3.B.	Summarize the importance and basic techniques of conducting marketing research for a business firm.	15	CO3
Q.4.A.	What is positioning? Pick a brand, describe how it's positioned, and suggest a new way to reach younger customers.	15	CO4
	OR		
Q.4.B.	What is e-marketing? Create a plan to promote a new wellness brand online.	15	CO4