



SOMAIYA

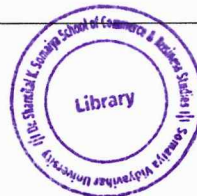
VIDYAVIHAR UNIVERSITY

Dr. Shantilal K. Somaiya School of Commerce and Business Studies

QUESTION PAPERS

BRANCH: Bachelor of Business Management	SEM: II
	APR-2026

Sr. No.	Subject	Available
1.	Strategic Cost Management	
2.	Cost Accounting	
3.	Business Environment Management	
4.	Mathematical & Statistical Technique	
5.	Fundamental of Technical Skills	
6.	Indian Knowledge System	
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LIBRARY



15 APR 2026

Semester (November 2025 to March 2026)		
Examination: End Semester Examination April 2026 (UG Programmes)		
Programme code: 06 & 06	Class: FY	Semester: II
Programme: BBA & BBM		
Name of the Constituent College: S K Somaiya College	Name of the Department: Business Studies	
Course Code:	Name of the Course: Strategic cost management	
Duration : 2 Hrs.	Maximum Marks : 60	
Instructions: 1) Draw neat diagrams 2) Assume suitable data if necessary		

Question No.		Max. Marks	CO Attainment																								
Q.1. A	<p>Prepare the Cash Budget of a trader for the three months commencing from April with the following details:</p> <p>a) Cash sales are 25% of total sales. b) 60% of credit sales are collected in the same month and the balance 40% in the following month. c) 60% of purchase payment is made in the same month and 40% in the following month. d) Rent of ₹ 4,000 is paid every month. e) Dividend received in May ₹ 11,000. f) Cash balance on 31st March is ₹ 1,00,000.</p> <p>The following details are also provided:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Month</th> <th>Sales (₹)</th> <th>Purchases (₹)</th> <th>Wages (₹)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>March</td> <td>8,00,000</td> <td>2,50,000</td> <td>80,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>April</td> <td>3,00,000</td> <td>3,20,000</td> <td>80,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>May</td> <td>4,00,000</td> <td>3,20,000</td> <td>80,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>June</td> <td>4,00,000</td> <td>4,80,000</td> <td>1,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>July</td> <td>6,00,000</td> <td>4,00,000</td> <td>1,00,000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Month	Sales (₹)	Purchases (₹)	Wages (₹)	March	8,00,000	2,50,000	80,000	April	3,00,000	3,20,000	80,000	May	4,00,000	3,20,000	80,000	June	4,00,000	4,80,000	1,00,000	July	6,00,000	4,00,000	1,00,000	15	CO 2
Month	Sales (₹)	Purchases (₹)	Wages (₹)																								
March	8,00,000	2,50,000	80,000																								
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	OR																										
Q.1. B	<p>The following information for the year ending 31.03.25 is taken from the books of a company:</p> <p>Particulars (Rs.) Materials Consumed – 6,00,000</p>	15	CO1																								

	<p>Direct Wages – 4,00,000 Direct Expenses – 2,00,000 Indirect Wages – 30,000 Store & Spare Consumed – 55,000 Workmen Welfare Expenses – 40,000 Cost of Rectifying Defective Work – 15,000 Depreciation on Machinery – 25,000 Other Factory Expenses – 1,50,000 Sale of Factory Scrap – 15,000 Administration Staff Salary – 1,55,000 Other Administration Expenses – 1,10,000 Audit Fees, Directors Fees – 35,000 Commission to Selling Agent – 1,20,000 Other Selling Expenses – 25,000 Showroom Expenses – 35,000 Sales – 26,40,000 10,000 units had been produced and sold during the year ended 31.03.25 For the year ending 31.03.26, the following estimates have been made:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Production and Sales will be 12,000 units. 2. Materials cost per unit will rise by 50%. 3. Wage rate per unit will rise by 25%. 4. Direct expense per unit will be in the same proportion to wages as before. 5. Factory expenses will be in the same proportion to prime cost. 6. Administration and selling expenses will be in the same proportion to cost of production. 7. Profit desired per unit is 25% on selling price. <p>Prepare the Cost Sheet for 2025 and 2026</p>		
Q.2. A	<p>Using the following information, calculate labour variances:</p> <p>The budgeted labour force for producing product X is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 30 Semi-skilled workers @ 90 paise per hour for 65 hours • 15 Skilled workers @ Rs 1.50 per hour for 65 hours <p>The actual labour force employed for producing X is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 32 Semi-skilled workers @ 95 paise per hour for 65 hours • 12 Skilled workers @ Rs 1.45 per hour for 65 hours 	15	CO3
	OR		
Q.2. B	<p>The standard material required for manufacturing one unit of Product A is 18 Kg, and the standard price per Kg of material is Rs 4.00. The cost records, however, reveal that 14,500 Kg of materials costing Rs</p>	15	CO3

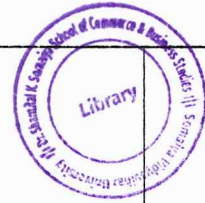


	40,000 were used for manufacturing 1,800 units of Product A. Calculate the material cost, material price, and material usage variances.		
Q.3. A.	You are required to calculate the break-even point in units and Amount from the following information: Selling Price Rs. 30 per unit Variable Cost Rs. 20 per unit Fixed Cost Rs. 1,20,000 Estimated sales Rs. 3,00,000	15	CO4
	OR		
Q.3. B.	You are required to calculate the break-even point in units and Amount from the following information: Selling Price Rs. 60 per unit Variable Cost Rs. 40 per unit Fixed Cost Rs. 2,40,000 Estimated sales Rs. 6,00,000	15	CO4
Q.4. A.	Explain the following concepts (5 marks - 3 questions) a) Profit volume ratio b) Explain cash budget c) Types of overheads	15	CO 4 CO 2 CO 1

Semester (November 2023 to March 2024)		
Examination: End Semester Examination March/April 2024 (UG Programmes)		
Programme code: 06 Programme: BBM	Class: FY	Semester: II
Name of the Constituent College: S K Somaiya College	Name of the Department: Business Studies	
Course Code: 231U06C202	Name of the Course: Cost Accounting	
Duration : 2 Hrs.	Maximum Marks : 60	
Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory		

Question No.		Max. Marks	CO																																																						
Q.1. A	<p>From the books of accounts of M/s Aryan Enterprises, the following details have been extracted for the year ending March 31, 2020</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th align="right">Amount</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Stock of materials:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td> Opening</td> <td align="right">1,88,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td> closing</td> <td align="right">2,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Material purchased during the year</td> <td align="right">8,32,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Direct wages paid</td> <td align="right">2,38,400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Indirect wages</td> <td align="right">16,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Salaries to administrative staff</td> <td align="right">16,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Freights:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td> Inward</td> <td align="right">32,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td> outward</td> <td align="right">20,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cash discount allowed</td> <td align="right">14,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bad debts written off</td> <td align="right">18,800</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Repairs to plant and machinery</td> <td align="right">42,400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rent, rates and taxes:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td> Factory</td> <td align="right">12,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td> office</td> <td align="right">6,400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Travelling expenses</td> <td align="right">12,400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Salesmen's salaries and commission</td> <td align="right">33,600</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Depreciation written off:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td> Plant and machinery</td> <td align="right">28,400</td> </tr> <tr> <td> furniture</td> <td align="right">2,400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Director's fees</td> <td align="right">24,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Electricity charges (factory)</td> <td align="right">48,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td> fuel</td> <td align="right">64,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>General charges</td> <td align="right">24,800</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Managers salary</td> <td align="right">48,000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The manager's time is shared between the factory and the office in the ratio of 20:80</p> <p>Prepare cost sheet</p>		Amount	Stock of materials:		Opening	1,88,000	closing	2,00,000	Material purchased during the year	8,32,000	Direct wages paid	2,38,400	Indirect wages	16,000	Salaries to administrative staff	16,000	Freights:		Inward	32,000	outward	20,000	Cash discount allowed	14,000	Bad debts written off	18,800	Repairs to plant and machinery	42,400	Rent, rates and taxes:		Factory	12,000	office	6,400	Travelling expenses	12,400	Salesmen's salaries and commission	33,600	Depreciation written off:		Plant and machinery	28,400	furniture	2,400	Director's fees	24,000	Electricity charges (factory)	48,000	fuel	64,000	General charges	24,800	Managers salary	48,000	15	CO1
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Q.1. B	<p>Draw up a flexible budget for overhead expenses based on the following data and determine the overhead rates at 70%, 80% and 90% plant capacity.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Particulars</th> <th>Capacity Level</th> </tr> <tr> <th>80% (Rs.)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Particulars	Capacity Level	80% (Rs.)			15	CO2																																																	
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	<p>Variable Overheads: Indirect Labour 12,000 Stores including Spares 4000</p> <p>Semi-variable Overheads: Power (30% Fixed, 70% Variable) 20,000 Repairs and Maintenance (60% Fixed, 40% Variable) 2,000</p> <p>Fixed Overheads: Depreciation 11,000 Insurance 3,000 Salaries 10,000</p> <p>Total Overheads 62,000 Estimated Direct Labour Hours 1,24,000 hrs</p>													
Q.2. A	<p>The Standard material cost to produce a ton of chemical M is: 300 kg. of material X @ Rs 10 per Kg. 400 kg. of material Y @ Rs 5 per kg. 500 kg. of material Z @ Rs 6 per kg. During a period, 100 tons of mixture M were produced from the usage of: 35 tons of material X at a cost of Rs 9,000 per ton 42 tons of material Y at a cost of Rs 6,000 per tons 53 tons of material Z at a cost of Rs 7,000 per tons Calculate material cost, material price, material usage and material mix variance.</p>	15	CO3											
	OR													
Q.2. B	<p>Using the following information, calculate labour cost variance, labour rate variance, labour efficiency and idle time variance: Standard hours :5,000 Standard labour rate : Rs 4 per hour Actual Hours : 6,000 Actual labour rate : Rs 3.50 per hour Time lost on account of machinery breakdown: 300 hours.</p>	15	CO3											
Q.3. A.	<p>The sales turnover and profit of M/s A Ltd. during the two year 2020 and 2021 were as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>year</th> <th>sales</th> <th>Profit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2020</td> <td>7,00,000</td> <td>90,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2021</td> <td>9,20,000</td> <td>1,20,000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>You are required to calculate: a) P/V Ratio b) BEP sales c) Sales required to earn a profit of Rs 1,80,000 The profit made when sales are Rs. 20,00,000</p>	year	sales	Profit	2020	7,00,000	90,000	2021	9,20,000	1,20,000	15	CO4		
year	sales	Profit												
2020	7,00,000	90,000												
2021	9,20,000	1,20,000												
	OR													
Q.3. B.	<p>From the following information you are required: (a) Calculate the marginal product cost and contribution per unit. (b) State Which of the alternative sales mixes you would recommend to management? And why?</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Particulars</th> <th>Per unit Rs.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Selling Price:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>For X</td> <td>250</td> </tr> <tr> <td>For Y</td> <td>200</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Direct Materials:</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Particulars	Per unit Rs.	Selling Price:		For X	250	For Y	200	Direct Materials:		15	CO4	
Particulars	Per unit Rs.													
Selling Price:														
For X	250													
For Y	200													
Direct Materials:														



	For X For Y Direct Wages: For X For Y	80 60 60 40		
	Fixed Overheads are Rs. 75,000 and variable overheads are 150% of direct wages.			
	Alternate Sales Mix 1) 2,500 units of Product X and 2,500 units of Product Y. 2) Nil units of Product X and 5,000 units of Product Y. 3) 4,000 units of Product X and 1,000 units of Product Y			
Q.4	Write the following concepts (5 Marks each)		15	
1.	Reconciliation statement			C01
2.	Variable cost			C02
3.	Marginal costing			C04



SOMAIYA
VIDYAVIHAR UNIVERSITY



BBM
Sem-II

17 APR 2026

Semester (December 2025 to April 2026)		
Examination: End Semester Examination to April 2026 (UG Programmes)		
Programme code: 06 Programme: BBM	Class: FYBBM	Semester: II
Name of the Constituent College: Dr S K Somaiya School of Commerce and Business Studies	Name of the Department: Business Studies	
Course Code: 231U06C201	Name of the Course: Business Environment Management	
Duration : 2 Hrs.	Maximum Marks : 60	
Instructions: 1) Draw neat diagrams 2) Assume suitable data if necessary		

Question No.		Max. Marks	CO Attainment
Q.1.	A retail company faces declining sales due to changing customer preferences and increasing competition from online platforms. a) Identify any two characteristics of business environment reflected in the case. (5) b) Explain why business environment is considered dynamic. (5) c) Suggest two strategies the company can adopt to respond to environmental changes. (5)	15	CO 1
Q.2.A	Technology and social media have changed the way businesses operate and interact with customers. Explain the impact of technological and socio-cultural environment on business with examples.	15	CO 2
	OR		
Q.2.B	Government plays multiple roles in the business environment. Explain how government acts as regulator, promoter, and stabiliser in the economy. Support your answer with examples.	15	CO 2
Q.3.A.	Managers frequently make decisions under uncertainty and limited information. Explain the decision-making process and discuss different types of decisions with suitable examples.	15	CO 3
	OR		

Q.3.B.	Planning is considered the foundation of management. Explain the importance, process, and limitations of planning.	15	CO 3
Q.4.A.	An organisation is unable to achieve its goals due to lack of proper supervision and performance measurement. Explain the controlling process and discuss how coordination supports organisational effectiveness.	15	CO 4
	OR		
Q.4.B.	Leadership plays a critical role in organisational success. Explain different leadership styles and discuss how directing and coordination improve employee performance.	15	CO 4

BBM
Sem-II



SOMAIYA
VIDYAVIHAR UNIVERSITY



21 APR 2026

Semester (December 2025 to April 2026)		
Examination: End Semester Examination April 2026 (UG Programmes)		
Programme code: 231U071201 / 231U061201	Class: FY	Semester: II
Programme: BBA / BBM		
Name of the Constituent College: Dr. Shantilal K. Somaiya School of Commerce and Business Studies	Name of the Department: Business Studies	
Course Code: 06 / 07	Name of the Course: Business Law	
Duration: 2 Hrs.	Maximum Marks: 60	
Instructions: 1) Draw neat diagrams 2) Write appropriate sections and cases		

Question No.		Max. Marks	CO Attainment
Q.1.	<p>FACTS:</p> <p>When the manager of a joint family or a-member or members of a joint family enter partnership with strangers, though acting on behalf of the joint family, the position which obtains is that, not all the members of the joint family, but only such of its members as have in fact entered partnership with the stranger become partners. On such a partnership being formed the relationship which is established is a contractual relationship, and the only parties who thus come into contractual relationships with each other are the outsider and the members or members of the joint family. The members of the joint family who are not partners with the outsider have no voice or control over the business, they are not in a position even to dissolve the partnership and to realize the share of the joint family in the partnership.</p> <p>1) List down issues involved in the above-mentioned case law 2) Write in detail the observations made and judgement</p>	15	CO3
		(07)	
		(08)	
		(07)	

	passed by the court.		
Q.2.A	Explain Contract with examples? Explain 10 essentials of a valid Contract with examples?	15	C01
	OR		
Q.2.B	Distinguish between Offer and Invitation to offer in 6points.	06	C01
Q.2.C	Explain the rights of an unpaid seller where the property in goods has passed to the buyer with examples?	09	C02
Q.3.A	Distinguish between Sale and Agreement to sell in 10points	10	C02
Q.3.B	Explain Warranty with examples? What are the types of Warranties with examples?	05	C02
	OR		
Q.3.C	Illustrate duties of a Partner in detail	10	C03
Q.3.D	Explain Transfer of property in contract of sale with examples? Whether it can absolute or conditional?	05	C02
Q.4.A	Explain Doctrine of Constructive notice, Indoor Management, and Ultra Vires.	10	C03
	Explain the meaning of lifting of corporate Veil	05	C03
	OR		
Q.4.B	Define Company and explain different Types of Company	10	C04
Q.4.C	Explain Object and Name clause of MOA	05	C04

OR

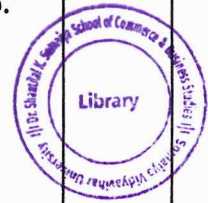
Q.1. B	<p>1) A box contains Rs 5, Rs 2 and Re 1 coins in the ratio 3: 7: 5.the total amount in the box is Rs 238. Find the number of coins of each denomination.</p> <p>2) Solve the following , State clearly results used. i) Find the value of x if $\log_4 x = 5$ ii)Solve for 'x:' the equation is $2\log_2 x - \log_2 (x - 2) = 3$</p> <p>3)Consider the following sets defined as : $U = \{x \in N/ 1 \leq x \leq 15 \}$, $A = \{x \in N/ 1 \leq x \leq 5 \}$ $B = \{x \in N/ x \text{ divides } 2 \text{ and } x \leq 10 \}$ Write A,B in roster form and compute : $(A \cup B)$, $(B - A)$ and $(A^c \cap B^c)$</p>	05 05 05	CO2
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Q.2. A	<p>1) Calculate the 4 yearly moving averages for the following data.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%;">Years</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2011</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2012</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2013</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2014</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2015</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2016</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2017</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Import (in thousands)</td> <td>16</td> <td>19</td> <td>24</td> <td>26</td> <td>32</td> <td>37</td> <td>41</td> </tr> </table> <p>2) Find the appropriate regression equation for the following data giving the annual profits (in lakhs of Rs.) of a company. Estimate the profit for the year 2018.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%;">Years</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2011</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2012</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2013</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2014</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2015</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2016</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2017</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit (in lakhs of Rs.)</td> <td>16</td> <td>19</td> <td>24</td> <td>26</td> <td>32</td> <td>37</td> <td>41</td> </tr> </table>	Years	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Import (in thousands)	16	19	24	26	32	37	41	Years	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Profit (in lakhs of Rs.)	16	19	24	26	32	37	41	5 10	CO3
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OR

Q.2. B	<p>1) Calculate the 3 yearly moving averages for the following data.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%;">Years</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2011</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2012</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2013</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2014</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2015</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2016</td> <td style="width: 10%;">2017</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Import (in thousands)</td> <td>16</td> <td>19</td> <td>24</td> <td>26</td> <td>32</td> <td>37</td> <td>41</td> </tr> </table>	Years	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Import (in thousands)	16	19	24	26	32	37	41	5	CO3
Years	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017												
Import (in thousands)	16	19	24	26	32	37	41												

	2) Find the appropriate regression equation for the following data given below. Estimate the cost of a Taxi if the cost of petrol is 45.	10															
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cost of Petrol</td> <td>25</td> <td>22</td> <td>33</td> <td>35</td> <td>28</td> <td>40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cost of Taxis</td> <td>39</td> <td>20</td> <td>50</td> <td>55</td> <td>39</td> <td>65</td> </tr> </table>	Cost of Petrol	25	22	33	35	28	40	Cost of Taxis	39	20	50	55	39	65		
Cost of Petrol	25	22	33	35	28	40											
Cost of Taxis	39	20	50	55	39	65											
Q.3. A.	1) In how many ways can 4 boys and 5 girls be seated for a group photograph if (i) no two boys sit together, (ii) no two girls sit together.	05	CO3														
	2) How many different words can be formed from the word FAMILY. Of these, how many begin with vowels?	05															
	3) An unbiased coin is tossed three times. find the expected value of the number of heads and also its standard deviation.	05															
	OR																
Q.3. B.	1) A coin is tossed 10 times. Assuming the coin to be unbiased, What is the probability of getting 4 heads, utmost 4 heads and at least 4 heads?	06	CO4														
	2) a) If $P(A)=0.5$, $P(B)=0.3$ $P(A \cap B) = 0.2$, Obtain the probability that 1. A occurs but not B 2. At least one of A and B occurs 3. Neither of A and B occurs 4. B occurs but not A	04															
	3) Calculate Mean and Variance for binomial distribution when $n=6$ and $p=1/3$.	05															
Q.4. A.	Explain the following concepts a) Elaborate on Criteria for an ideal measure of Central Tendency . b) Illustrate progression and explain it types c) Define a discrete random variable. Explain binomial distribution.	15	CO1,2 3,4														



BBM:
Sem-II
SOMAIYA
VIDYAVIHAR UNIVERSITY


23 APR 2026

Semester (Dec 2025 to April 2026)		
Examination: End Semester Examination April 2026 (UG Programmes)		
Programme code: 06/ 07	Class: FY	Semester: II
Programme: BBM / BBA		
Name of the Constituent College: Dr. Shantilal K Somaiya School of Commerce and Business Studies.		Name of the Department: Business Studies
Course Code:	Name of the Course: Fundamental of Technical Skills	
Duration: Two hours	Maximum Marks: 40	

Q.NO		Marks	CO
Q.1.A	"Cloud computing is the delivery of computing services over the internet to offer faster innovation and flexible resources." Justify.	10	CO 1
	OR		
Q.1.B	"Linux operating system manages computer hardware and software resources and allows users to run applications." Justify.	10	CO 1
Q.2.A	Explain the features and Uses of Logical Functions in Excel.	10	CO 2
	OR		
Q.2.B	"A line chart is a type of graph used to display data points connected by straight lines to show changes or trends over time." Explain.	10	CO 2
Q.3.A	Elucidate the Concept of DBMS with its Advantages and Disadvantages.	10	CO 3
	OR		
Q.3.B	Elaborate on the concept of Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) and explain its benefits and limitations.	10	CO 3
Q.4.A	Explain the applications of Artificial Intelligence in real-world scenarios.	10	CO 1
	OR		
Q.4.B	"E-CRM refers to the use of digital technologies to manage and enhance a company's interactions with its customers." Justify.	10	CO 3



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March/April 2026		
Examination: In Semester Examination (UG/PG Programmes)		
Programme code:	Class: FY	Semester: II
Programme:		
Name of the School:		Name of the Department
Course Code: 216U061301	Name of the Course: Indian Knowledge Systems	
Duration: 1 Hr.	Maximum Marks: 20	
Instructions:		

Marks Obtained:

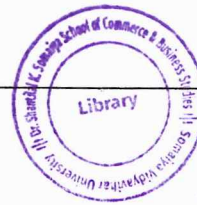
Seat No.

Class:

Signature of Candidate	Signature & Name of The Block Supervisor with Date:

Question No.		Max. Marks	CO
Q 1	Consciousness refers to: A. Sleep B. Neutrality C. Ignorance D. Awareness <div style="text-align: right;">Answer: <input type="text"/></div>	1 Marks	CO3
Q 2	What is the full form of I.K.S? A. Indian Kinetic Strategies B. International Knowledge Statistics C. Indian Knowledge Systems D. Internal Karyotype System <div style="text-align: right;">Answer: <input type="text"/></div>	1 Marks	CO1
Q 3	Ayurveda represents: A. Political system B. Social Justice C. Holistic health approach D. Legal system <div style="text-align: right;">Answer: <input type="text"/></div>	1 Marks	CO3

Q 4	IKS includes knowledge from: A. One field only B. Various branches C. Only science D. Only art <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO1
Q 5	What is included under the Spiritual and Philosophical scope of I.K.S.? A. Understanding the technological developments of machine learning and AI. B. Examining the development of nanobots C. Observing a complex medical operation D. Help to understand the nature of reality <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO3
Q 6	Coins as sources of IKS are studied under: A. Archaeology B. Numismatics C. Epigraphy D. Philology <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO1
Q 7	Dharma represents: A. Lawless behavior B. Duty and righteousness C. Profit D. Art <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO3
Q 8	Archaeological evidence mainly provides: A. Material remains B. Philosophical ideas C. Literary theories D. Oral traditions <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO1
Q 9	Through _____, IKS helps to develop the aesthetic sense and enables one to understand and appreciate the arts and foster the creativity of humans. A. Visual arts and Performing arts B. Inscriptions C. Religious Scriptures D. Edicts <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO3



Q 10	Astronomy deals with: A. Atmosphere B. Saturn C. Stars and planets D. Galaxies Answer: <input type="text"/>	1 Marks	CO1
Q 11	The study of ancient scripts is called: A. Numismatics B. Epigraphy C. Paleography D. Archaeology Answer: <input type="text"/>	1 Marks	CO1
Q12	Yoga contributes to: A. Economic growth B. Trade C. Physical and mental balance D. Politics Answer: <input type="text"/>	1 Marks	CO3
Q 13	Textual sources are limited because they: A. Are always accurate B. Reflect specific perspectives C. Include all voices equally D. Are purely scientific Answer: <input type="text"/>	1 Marks	CO4
Q 14	Cultural expression in IKS primarily involves: A. Economy B. Science only C. Politics D. Art and Architecture Answer: <input type="text"/>	1 Marks	CO3
Q 15	Knowledge about agriculture and weather is part of: A. Philosophy B. Science C. Art D. Ethics Answer: <input type="text"/>	1 Marks	CO1

Q 16	IKS helps bridge the gap between: A. Art and science B. Past and present C. Theory and practice D. All of the above <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO4
Q 17	Epigraphy is the study of: A. Coins B. Architecture C. Inscriptions D. Paintings <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO1
Q 18	Which of the following is a textual source? A. Inscription B. Pottery C. Coin D. Vedic literature <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO1
Q 19	Spiritual inquiry differs from scientific inquiry because it focuses on: A. Inner experience B. Measurable facts only C. External observation D. Experiments only <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO3
Q 20	Studying IKS promotes: A. Fragmented knowledge B. Isolation C. Holistic understanding D. Memory <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Answer:</div>	1 Marks	CO4