

**K. J. SOMAIYA INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES AND RESEARCH,**

**PGDM (RM) 2016 0 18 - III TRIM**

Maximum Marks: 50

Date: 03/04/2017

Duration: 3Hrs

**Answer any five carrying 10 marks -10\*5=50Marks**

**Question No:1**

For the following data apply Gordon dividend Model and write the analysis

| If $k=11\%$ and EPS Rs 16 calculate the price per share of samridhi Ltd for $r=12\%, 11\%$ and $10\%$ for the following levels of D/P ratios |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| D/P  | Retention Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10%  | 90%             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30%  | 70%             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50%  | 50%             |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Question No:2**

ML Ltd. has the following capital structure as per Balance Sheet as at 31/3/2009:

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| Equity share capital (of Rs.10 each)        | 400000  |
| 18% Preference share capital of Rs.100 each | 300000  |
| Retained earnings                           | 100000  |
| 12.5% Debentures                            | 800000  |
| 12% Term loan                               | 400000  |
| Total                                       | 2000000 |

- Currently quoted price in the stock exchange: Equity shares @ Rs.64.25, Preference Shares @ Rs.90, Debentures @ Rs.95.
- For the last year, the company had paid equity dividend of Rs.8 per share which is expected to grow @ 5% p.a. forever.
- The corporate tax rate is 30%.

Calculate WACC

**Question No:3**

Calculate the operating cycle of a company which gives the following details:

|                                    |          |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Raw material consumption per annum | 6000000  |
| Average stock of raw material      | 1000000  |
| Factory cost of goods produced     | 10500000 |
| Average stock of WIP               | 437000   |

|                                |          |
|--------------------------------|----------|
| Office cost of goods produced  | 11400000 |
| Average stock of FG            | 950000   |
| Average Trade debtors          | 1125000  |
| Cost of credit sales           | 9000000  |
| Average trade creditors        | 500000   |
| Expenses for the year          | 3000000  |
| Average creditors for expenses | 500000   |
| No.of working days in a year   | 360      |

The company gets 30 days credit from its suppliers. All sales made by the firm are on credit. You may take one year as equal to 365 days.

**Question No:4**

GAL Limited is considering changing its credit terms and provides you the following information.

| Particulars               | Present Policy | Proposed Policy 1                      |
|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| Credit Terms              | Net 25         | 2/10, Net 25                           |
| Sales                     | 1440000        | Increase in sales by Rs.40000          |
| Average Collection Period | 30 Days        | Decline in Period by 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> |
| Bad Debts                 | 2%             | 2%                                     |

It is expected that 50% of the customers will take discount and pay on 10<sup>th</sup> Day. The variable cost ratio is 70% and the required rate of return is 5%. The tax rate is 50%. Should the company change its credit terms? (Assume 360 day in a year)

**Question No:5**

Explain the Traditional theory of capital structure with its implications in today's corporate finance with any two suitable examples.

**Question No.6**

**Explain the following**

I. Long term sources of finance available for corporates today in India

II.Explain the decisions taken by finance manager in detail