

University of Mumbai
Examination 2020 under cluster 7 (Lead College: SSJCOE)
Examinations Commencing from 7th January 2021 to 20th January 2021

Program: **Information Technology**
Curriculum Scheme: Rev-2019

Examination: SE
Course Code: ITC303
Time: 2 hour

Semester III
Course Name: Database Management System
Max. Marks: 80

| | |
|------------|--|
| Q1. | Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks |
| 1. | A relational database consists of a collection of |
| Option A: | keys |
| Option B: | table |
| Option C: | schema |
| Option D: | record |
| 2. | _____ is not a level of data abstraction. |
| Option A: | Critical Level |
| Option B: | Logical Level |
| Option C: | Physical Level |
| Option D: | View Level |
| 3. | File code which developer add to the file and limit access to new user is called |
| Option A: | file code |
| Option B: | access code |
| Option C: | code protection |
| Option D: | physical code |
| 4. | E-R model use _____ to represent weak entity set |
| Option A: | Doubly outlined rectangle |
| Option B: | Circle |
| Option C: | Dotted rectangle |
| Option D: | Diamond |
| 5. | The constraints of disjoint and completeness in specialization and generalization are usually |
| Option A: | calculated |
| Option B: | default value |
| Option C: | dependent |
| Option D: | independent |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| 6. | The relational algebra is |
| Option A: | Data Definition Language |
| Option B: | Non Procedural Language |
| Option C: | Meta Language |
| Option D: | Procedural Language |
| 7. | The natural join is equal to : |
| Option A: | Cartesian Product |
| Option B: | Combination of Union and Cartesian product |
| Option C: | Combination of selection and Cartesian product |
| Option D: | Combination of projection and Cartesian product |
| 8. | How the data redundancy can be reduced? |
| Option A: | By adding many constraints |
| Option B: | Use of appropriate Normal Forms |
| Option C: | Using keys |
| Option D: | Using complex database design |
| 9. | The notation $X \rightarrow Y$ is used to denote |
| Option A: | Non-transitive dependency |
| Option B: | Transitive dependency |
| Option C: | Functional dependency |
| Option D: | Reflexive dependency |
| 10. | Which process is performed by the normalization to remove data redundancy from relations? |
| Option A: | Merge relations into one |
| Option B: | Add new columns in existing relations |
| Option C: | Remove columns from existing relations |
| Option D: | Decompose relations into smaller relations |
| 11. | Good relational database design can be obtained by- |
| Option A: | Normalization |
| Option B: | Changing functional requirements |
| Option C: | Complex design of the database |
| Option D: | Adding keys on a database |
| 12. | Which join refers to join records from the right table that have no matching key in the left table are include in the result set: |
| Option A: | Left outer join |
| Option B: | Right outer join |
| Option C: | Full outer join |
| Option D: | Half outer join |
| 13. | To include integrity constraint in an existing relation use : |
| Option A: | Create table |
| Option B: | Modify table |
| Option C: | Alter table |
| Option D: | Drop table |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| | |
| 14. | UPDATE instructor _____ salary=salary*1.05; Fill in blank with the correct keyword to update the instructor relation. |
| Option A: | Where |
| Option B: | Set |
| Option C: | In |
| Option D: | Select |
| | |
| 15. | Which of the SQL statements is correct ? |
| Option A: | SELECT Username AND Password FROM Users |
| Option B: | SELECT Username, Password FROM Users |
| Option C: | SELECT Username, Password WHERE Username = 'user1' |
| Option D: | SELECT Username AND Password FROM Users where Username='user1' |
| | |
| 16. | Which operator performs pattern matching ? |
| Option A: | Between operator |
| Option B: | Exists operator |
| Option C: | Like operator |
| Option D: | Equal operator |
| | |
| 17. | Primary Key, Referential Integrity, Check constraint are examples of- |
| Option A: | Key Constraints |
| Option B: | Security Constraints |
| Option C: | Integrity Constraints |
| Option D: | Transaction Constraints |
| | |
| 18. | When a transaction is said to be in a Partially committed state? |
| Option A: | After all statements in transaction are successfully completed |
| Option B: | After the half of statements has been executed |
| Option C: | After the first statement has been executed |
| Option D: | After the final statement has been executed |
| | |
| 19. | Which component of DBMS handles the database consistency? |
| Option A: | Transaction Manager |
| Option B: | Authorization & Integrity manager |
| Option C: | Concurrency-control manager |
| Option D: | Buffer Manager |
| | |
| 20. | What is starvation? |
| Option A: | Selection of a victim based on size |
| Option B: | Selection of a victim based on priority |
| Option C: | Selection of a victim based on cost factor |
| Option D: | Selection of a victim based on time |

| Q2. (20 Marks) | Solve any Four out of Six | 5 marks each |
|----------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| A | Differentiate primary key and secondary key with suitable examples. | |
| B | Write a Note on Functions of Database Administrator (DBA). | |
| C | Explain the following Relational algebra operations. (i)Natural Join (ii) Assignment | |
| D | Discuss functions and procedures in SQL. | |
| E | What undesirable dependencies are avoided when a relation is in 3NF? | |
| F | Define and explain a serial schedule. | |

| Q3. (20 Marks) | Solve any Four out of Six | 5 marks each |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| A | Construct an E-R diagram for a car-insurance company whose customers own one or more cars each. Each car has associated with it zero to any number of recorded accidents. Convert this E-R diagram into a schema. | |
| B | Discuss steps for transforming ER Diagram to Relation . | |
| C | Explain different types of integrity constraints in SQL . | |
| D | Justify the need for normalization. | |
| E | Draw and explain DBMS structure. | |
| F | Illustrate Two phase locking protocol with suitable case study. | |

University of Mumbai
Examination 2020 under cluster 7 (Lead College: SSJCOE)
Examinations Commencing from 7th January 2021 to 20th January 2021

Program: **Information Technology**
Curriculum Scheme: Rev-2019

Examination: BE

Semester III

Course Code: ITC303

Course Name: Database Management System

Time: 2 hour

Max. Marks: 80

| Question Number | Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D') |
|-----------------|--|
| Q1. | B |
| Q2. | A |
| Q3. | B |
| Q4 | A |
| Q5 | D |
| Q6 | D |
| Q7 | D |
| Q8. | B |
| Q9. | C |
| Q10. | D |
| Q11. | A |
| Q12. | B |
| Q13. | C |
| Q14. | B |
| Q15. | B |
| Q16. | C |
| Q17. | C |
| Q18. | D |
| Q19. | C |
| Q20. | C |